

LUMEN

LUMINE:

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A new Magicall Light discovered, and Communicated to the WORLD

By Eugenius Philalethes.

GEN. 1.3. And God said, Let there be Light. JOHN 1. Chap: Ver. 5.

And the Light shineth in the Darknesse.

Pythag.

Ne logueris Dun ablace Luccine

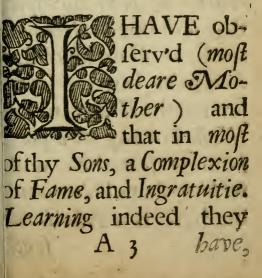
Ne loquaris Deo absque Lumine.

Printed for H. Blunden at the Castle in Corne-Hil. 1651.





To my Deare mother, the most famous Universitie of Oxford.



# The Epifile

have, but they forget the Frests that gave it. Thy Good works meet not l with one Samaritan, but Many hast thou cur'dt of the Leprofie of Igno-t rance. This is the spot, t that foyls our perfections: we have all drunk of thy Fountaine, but we facri-t fice not the Water to the Well. For my own part, Ican present thee with nothing that's Voluminous, but here is a Mustardseed,

Dearcatory. feed, which may grow Mat to be the Greatest amongst Herbs. The Draught it felf hath nothing of nature, but what is under the Veile: I wish indeed thou mayst see her sme Flammeo, but her face like that of the Annuntiata expects the Pencil of an Angell. I cannot fay this Composure deserves thy Patronage, but give me leave to make it my Opportunitie, that I may returne

I he Epiltie returne the Acknowledgement, where I receiva the Benefit. I intend not my Addresse for the Banks of Isis; Thou hast no Portion there, unleffe thy Stones require my Inscription. It is thy Dispersed Body I have knowne, and That only I remember. Take it then wherefoever Thou art, in thy fad Removes and Visitations. It is neither Sadducee nor Pharisee,

Dedicatory.
but the Test of an Israelite, and

Thy Legitimat Child.

1650.

E. P.

To



# n Summum Virum

Thomam Bodhium Equitem
Aurarum Bibliotheca Oxoniensis Structorem
Magnificum.

Ancta Animal tam Sancta simul salveto Favillal Sing, semel Cineris sas meminuisse tu. I structor cel, & Siellarum Plenio O do, Qui Sporadas per Te, non sinis Astra sove, uippe Lare. L'bris vel rite vagar tibus addis, Et Cælum, quo sint Sydera sixa, cluis.

I Vitam ut Patres, largumur Fætibus: at Tu Quo Vitam bone pessint vivere, Solus habes. spirium agnoscum Artes: Hir Quesibet intratalos obs etrices, nec Peregina, Manus.

ena Toga, Dostig, capax Panegyris Orbis, it Mare, vel Petius Plenior Unda Mari.

Concursus Geniorum, & Meta Extrema Lyezi,
Quò nullum nisi sit Sanctius, iret Opus.

Syllabus Heroum, Mentis, Omniscia Proles,
Est bac & Sensu Theca animata suo.

Bodleii Laus ampla, & Fusior Urna Sepulti,
Quá Vitam invenit Mors sua, Morsa, Necem.

Hinc se fratta Fugæ dedit, absumptis, sagittis
Implevit Vacuas sola pharetra Manus.

Par Tibi Vox nulla est : Satagis dum Condere Musar Fecisii, Quod non noverit Illa loqui.

> Pium est Agnoscere, po Quos profecisti.

> > L





Have had some Contest with my self in the Dispo-sall of this Piece, the Subject being crosse to the Genius of the Times, which is both Gora

okeep it within Doores, but the Relation it bears to my former Discouries hath forc'd it to the Presse. It is he last Glasse of my thoughts, and heir sirst Ressex being not compleat, have added this to perfect their Ilage, and Symmetrie. I must conesse I have no Reason for it, but what

my Adversaries supply me withall: I would advance the Truth, because they would suppresse it. Indeed I have been scurvily rewarded, but the successe of this Art grows from its Opposition, and this I believe, our late Libellers have observed, for they quit the Science, to quash the Professors.

It is not enough to abuse and misinterpret our mritings: with studied Calumnies doe they disparage our persons, whom they never saw, and perhaps never will see. They force us to a Bitternesse beyond our own Dispositions, and provoke men to sin, as if they did drive the same Design with

the Devill.

For my own part, I will no more hazard my soule by such uncivil Disputes, I know I must give an Accomp for every idle word. This Theme hat reduc'd my passions to a Diet, I hav resolv'd for the suture to suffer: so

this I am sure of, God will condemn no

man for his patience.

The world indeed may think the truth overthrown, because shee is attended with her Peace, for in the judgement of most men, where there is no Nosse, there is no Victorie. This I shall look upon as no Disadvantage. The Estimat of such Gensors will but lighten the Scales, and I dare suppose them very meak Brains, who conceive the Truth sinks, because it outweighs them.

As for tempestuous Out-cries, when they want their Motives, they discover an irreligious spirit, one that hath more of the Hurry-cano, than of Christ Jesus. God was not in the wind, that rent the Rocks to pieces, nor in the Earth-quake, and Fire at Horeb: He was in Aura tenui, in the still, small 18, voice.

My Advise is, that no Man should resent the common spleen. Who writes he Truth of God, hath the same Pa-

B 3

tron with the Truth it self, and when the world shall submit to the generall Tribunal, he will find his Advocate, where they shall find their Judge. There is a mutuall Testimonie between God and his Servants, if the Baptist did beare witnesse of Christ, Christ also did as much for the Baptist: He was a burning, and a shining Light.

This, Reader, I thought fit to Preface, that if any Discourse of mine be traduc'd hereafter, thou maist not expest my Vindication. I have referr'd my Quarrell to the God of Nature, it is involved in the Concernments of his Truth. I am satisfi'd with the Peace and Test of a good Conscience: I have written nothing but what God hath verified before my Eyes in particular and is able to justifie before the world in generall. I have known his secret Light, his Candle is my School-master: I testifie those things, which I have feen under his very Beams, in the brigh

bright Circumference of his Glory.

When I did first put my Thoughts to paper, God can beare me witnesse, it was not for any private ends. I was drawn, and forc'd to it by a strong Admiration of the Mysterie and Majestie of Nature. It was my Design to glorisie the Truth, and in some meafure to serve the Age, had they been capable of it. But the barbarous Infults I have met withall, and without any Deferts of mine, have forc'd my Charitie to keep at Home. Truly had not I been robb'd of my Peace, I had imparted some things, which I am confident this Generation will not receive from another Pen. But the Times in this Respect fall not even with providence, for the Years of Difcoverie are not yet come. This Truth, like the Dove in the Deluge, must hower in winds and Tempests, overlooke the Surges and Billows, and find no. place for the Sole of her Foot. But the B 4

wise God provides for her; on all these maves and waters she hath a little Ark to returne to. Me thinks I see her in the mindow all met, and meather beaten. She hath been rejected abroad, and now I will take her Home. Come in with thy Branch of Olive!

To conclude, this Discourse is my last, and the only Clavis to my First. What I have written formerly, is, like the Arabian's Halicali: it is Domus signata, a House shut up, but here I give you the Key to the Lock. If you enter, seale up what you see in your Hearts: Trust it not to the Tongue for that's a Flying Scroul. Thus I deliver my Light to your Hands, but what Returns you will give me. I know not. If you are for Peace, Peace be with you : if for war, I have been fotoo, but Let not him that girds on his Armour, boast like him, that puts it off. Doe well, and Farewell.

E. P.



# LUMEN

#### LUMINE.

Ow had the Night spent her black stage, and all Her beauteous, twinckling flantes grew ficks and pale.

Her Scene of shades, and silence fled; and Day rest the young East in R fes: where each Ray alling on Sables, made the Sun and Night liffe in a Checquer of mist Clouds, and Light.



Think it were more plaine, and to some Capacities more pleasing, if I should expresse my self in this popular, low Dealect. It was about the Dawning or Day-breake, when tyr'd

solitude, and those pensive vith a tedious attend it, after much Losse Thoughts which

and

and more Labour, I suddainly fell a see; Here then the Day was no sooner borne, bu strangled; I was reduc'd to a night of a mor deep tincture than that which I had formers spent. My fansie placed me in a Region c inexpressible Obscuritie, and as I though more than Naturall; but without any Ter rors. I was in a firm even Temper, and though without incouragements, not only resolute but well-pleas'd. I moved every way for Dif coveries, but was still intertained with Dark nesse and silence, and I thought my self tran flated to the Land of Desolation. Being thu troubled to no purpole, and wearied with long Indeavours, I resolved to rest my self and feeing I could find nothing, I expected i any thing could find me. I had not long con tinued in this humor, but I could heare the whilpers of a loft wind, that travail'd toward me, and suddainly it was in the Leaves o the Trees, so that I concluded my self to be in some Wood, or Wildernesse. With this gentle Breath came a most beavenly, odorou Ayre, much like that of sweet Briars, but no so rank and full. This perfume being blown over, there succeeded a pleasant Humming o Bees amongst Flowers, and this did somewha discompose me, for I judged it not suitable with the Complexion of the place, which was dark

and like Mid-night. Now was I somewhat troubl'd with these unexpected Occurrences, when a new Appearance diverted my Apnehensions. Not far off on my right hand, I could discover a white weake Light, not so cleare as that of a Candle, but mystie, and much resembling an Atmospheare. Towards the Center it was of a purple colour like the Elysian Sun-shine, but in the Dilatation of the Circumference, Milkie: and if we conider the joynt Tincture of the parts, it was a painted Vesper, a Figure of that Splendor, which the old Romans called (2) Sal Mortu- a Box brum: Whiles I was taken up with this strange fals, i Scene, there appeared in the middle purple Co- press lours, a suddain Commotion, and out of their Notion very Center did sprout a certaine flowrie Light, as it were the flame of a Taper. Very bright it was, sparkling, and twinkling like he Day-star. The Beams of this new Planet stuing forth in small Skeins and Rivulets, look'd like Threds of Silver, which being redected against the Trees, discover'd a Curious. reen V mbrage, and I found my self in a Grove of Bays. The Texture of the Branches was fo even, the Leaves so thick, and in that conpiring order, it was not a mood, but a Builling. I conceived it indeed to be the Temple of Nature, where she had joyn'd Discipline

O

to her Dostrine. Under this shade and skreen He did lodge a number of Nightingals, which I discovered by their whitish Breasts . These peeping thorough their leavie Cabinets, re-Im joyced at this strange Light, and having first plum'd themselves, stirr'd the still Ayre with in their Musick. This I thought was very pretty, for the silence of the Night, suiting with the solitude of the place, made me judge it beavenly. The Ground both neer and far of, presented a pleasing kind of Cnecquer, for this new star meeting with some drops of Dew, he made a Multitude of bright Refractions, as if the Earth had been paved with Diamonds. Theie rare, and various Accidents kept my foul busied, but to interrupt my Thoughes, as h if it had been unlawfull to examine what I had seen, another more admirable Object inserpos'd. I could see between me and the Light, a most exquisit, divine Beauty. Her frame neither long, nor short, but a meane decent Stature. Attir'd she was in thin loofe filks, but so green, that I never faw the like, for the Colour was not Earthly. In some places it was fansied with white and Silver. Rebbands, which look'd like Lilies in a field of Grasse. Her head was overcast with a thin floating Tiffanie, which she held up with one of her hands, and look'd as it were from under

Her Eys were quick, fresh, and Celestiall, it had something of a flart, as if she had en pozzl'a with a suddaine Occurrence. om her black Veile did her Locks breake it like Sun-beams from a Mift; they ran (hevell'd to her Brefts, and then return'd to TCheeks in Curls and Rings of Gold. Her laire behind her was rowl'd to a curious lobe, with a small short spire flowr'd with urple, and skie-colour'd Knots. Her Rings ere pure, intire Emeralds, for the valued noretail, and her Pendants of burning Caruncles. To be short, her whole Habit wassuthfull and flowrse, it smelt like the East, ad was thorowly arr'd with rich Arabian napasms. This and no other, was her aparanee at that Time : but whiles I admir'd er perfections, and prepar'd to make my Adresses, shee prevents me with a voluntarie Approach. Here indeed I expected fome Difour se from her, but she looking very seriufly and filently in my face, takes me by the and and foftly whitees, I should follow her. his I confesse sounded strange, but I thought not amisse to obey so sweet a Command, nd especially one that promised very much, ut was able in my Opinion to performe nore. The Light which I had formerly adur'd proved now at last to be her Attendant, for

for it moved like an User before her. The Service added much to her Glorie, and was my only care to observe her, who thous the wandr'd not, yet verily the followed n known path. Her walk was green, being furr with a fine small Graffe, which felt like plus for it was very foft; and purl'd all the wa with Dayles and Primrofe. When we can out of our Arboret and Court of Bayes, could perceive a strange Clearnesse in the Aynot like that of Day, neither can I affirme in was might. The stars indeed perched over us and stood glimmering, as it were on the Tops of high Hills, for we were in a mold deep Bottome, and the Earth overlook'd us fo that I conceived we were neer the Cen rer. We had not walk'd very far, when discovered cerraine thick, white Clouds, for fuch they feemed to me, which fill'd all that part of the Valley, that was before us. This indeed was an Error of mine, but it continued not long for comming neerer, I found them to be firm folid Rocks, but shining and sparkling like Diamonds. This rare and goodly fight did not a little incourage me, and great il desire I had to heare my Mistris speake (for fo I judged her now) that if possible, 1 might receive some Information. How to bring this about, I did not well know, for

e seem'd averse from Discourse; but haig resolv'd with my self to disturb her, I d her if the would favour me with her ame. To this she replied very familiarly, if the had kown me long before. Eugeus (said she) I have many Names, but my I and dearest is Thalia: for I am almaics en, and I shall never wither. Thou doest e behold the mountains of the Moone, and -vill (hew thee the Originall of Nilus, for she ings from these Invisible Rocks. Lookeupd peruse the very Tops of these pillars andifts of Salt, for they are the true, Philosocall, Lunar Mountains. Didst thou ever such a Miraculous, incredible thing? Thisech made me quickly look up to those ttering Turrets of Salt, where I could fee Aupendous Cataract, or Waterfall. The leame was more large than any River in her 11 Chanell, but notwithstanding the Height Violence of its Fall, it descended withthe any Noyse. The Waters were dash'd, I their Current distracted by those Saltish eks, but for all this they came down with ead silence, like the still, foft Ayr. Some of als Lignor (for it ran by me) I took up, to what strange wollen substance it was, that I thus steale down like Snow. When I had of my hands it was no Common mater, but a

certaine

certaine kind of Oile of a Waterie Complexi on. A viscous, fat, mineral nature it was bright like Pearls, and transparent like Chr. stall. When I had viewd and search'd it wel it appear'd somewhat spermatic, and in ver Truth it was obscene to the fight, but muc more to the Touch. Hereupon Thalis tol nie, it was the first Matter, and the very No turall, true Sperm of the great World. Ic (faid she) invisible, and therefore few are the that find it; but many believe it is not to b found. They believe indeed that the world a dead Figure, like a Body which hath beel fometimes made, and fashion'a by that spirit which dwelt in it, but retaines that very har and fashion, for some thore time, after the the Spirit hath for saken it. They should row ther consider, that every Frame when the Soule hath left it, doth discompose, and call no longer retame its formet figure, for the Agent that held and kept the parts togethe is gone: Most excellent then is that speech which I heard sometimes from one of male own Pupils. Mundus bic ex tam diver contrariisque partibus in unam formam min 100 me convenisset, nisi unus esset, qui tam Din versa conjungeret; Conjuncta vero Natural rum ipsa-Diversitas invicem discors disse ciaret, atque divelleret nisi unes esset, quel

nod nexuit, contineret. Non tam vero ceru natura ordo procederet, nec tam dispositos orus Locis, temporibus, efficientia, Qualitabus explicaret, nisi unus esset, qui has Muvinnum varietates manens ipse disponeret. Loc quicquid est, quo Condita manent, atque sbernantur, usitato cunctis Vocabulo Deum mino. This world (faith he) of fuch divers nd contrarie parts had never been made one ing, Had not there been one, who did joyn gether such contrary things. But being joyn'd gether, the very Diversitie of the Natures rned, fighting one with another, had Difmpos'd and separated them, unlesse there Id been one to hold and keep those parts tother, which he at first did jown. Verily the der of Nature could not proceed with such rtaintie, neither could she move so regu-Irly in severall places, times, effects and lalities, unlesse there were some one, who "pos'd, and order'd these Varieties of Moas. This, whatsoever it is, by which the brld is preserved and govern'd, I call by at usuall name, God. Thou must therefore igenius (said she) understand, that all mpositions are made by an active, intellint life; for what was done in the Comfure of the great world in generall, the ne is perform'd in the Generation of every creature

creature, and its sperm in particular. I sup pose thou doest know, that water cannot be contained but in some Vessell. The natural of Vessell which God hath appointed for it, it Earth. In Earth water may be thickned and brought to a figure, but of it felf, and without Earth, it hath an indefinit flux, and is subject to no certaine sigure whatsoever Ayreallo is a fleering indeterminat substances but water is his Vessell: for water being figur red by means of Earth, the Ayr also is thick is ned, and figur'd in the Water. To ascent higher, the Ayr coagulats the liquid fire, and fire incorporated involves and confines the thin Light. These are the Means by which God unites, and compounds the Elements in to a Sperm, for the Earth alters the Com plexion of the water, and makes it viscount and flimie. Such a water must they look, when would produce any Magicall extraordinar Effects; for this Spermatic water coagular with the least heat, so that nature concoct and hardens it into metals. Thou feeft th whites of Egs will thicken assoon as the feel the fire, for their moysture is temper' with a pure subtill Earth, and this subtill, and nimated Earth, is that which binds their with ter. Take water then my Eugenius, from the Mountains of the Moon, which is water

nd no water: Boyl it in the fire of Nature, a a two fold Earth, white and red then feednose Earths with Ayr of Fire, and Fire of lyr, and thou halt the two Magicall Luinaries. But because thou halt been a serant of mine for a long time, and that thy attence hath manifested the Truth of thy ove, I will bring thee to my Schoole, and here will I show thee, what the world is not apable of. This was no fooner spoken, but the past by those Diamond-like, rockie salts, and brought me to a Rock of Adamant siur'd to a just, intire Cube: It was the Bas to a firie Pyramid, a Trigon of pure Pyupe, whose imprison'd flames did stretch, and rive for Heaven. To the Fore-square or wrontlet of this Rock was annex'd a little rtall, and in that hung a Tablet. It was a hinted Hedg. - Hog. fo rowl'd and wrapt in his Bag, he could not easily be discoms'd. Over this flood a Dog snarling, and ard by him this Instruction.

#### Suaviter aut Pungit.

we went, and having entred the Rock, the interior parts were of a heavenly Smargdine Colour. Somewhere they shin'd be Leaves of pure Gold, and then appear d

a third inexpressible purple tinsture. We had mot gone very far, but we came to an Ancient Majestic Altar; On the Offertorie, or very top of it, was figur'd the Trunck of an old rotten tree, pluck'd up by the Roots. Out of this crept a Snake, of colour white and of Green, Slow of Motion like a Snayle, and very weake, having but newly felt the Sun, what overlook'd her. Towards the Foot, or Basis of this Altar was an Inscription in old legyptian Hieroglyphics, which Thalia expounded, and this is it.

Diis Beatis.

In Calo Subterraneo.

N. L.

τ. α. ν. φ.

Rom this place we moved straight forward, till we came to a Cave of Earth. It was very obscure, and withall dankish, giving a heavy odour like that of graves. Here we stay'd not long, but passing this we Church-

Thurch-vard, wee came at last to the Sanctuaie, where Thalia turning to mee, made this ter short, and last speech.

Eugenius! This is the place, which many have desired to see, but saw it not. The Praaratives to their Admission here, were wanting: They did not love Mee, but Mine. They coveted indeed the Riches of Nature, but Vature her self they did both neglect, and corupt. Som Advantages they had in point of Afsult, had they but studied their Opportunities. was expored to their hands, but they knew mee ot. I was subject in som measure to their iolence, but Hee that made mee, would not effer mee to bee rist'd. In a word, the Ruine these men was built on their Disposition. n their Addresses to mee, they resembl'd rose pittifull things, which som call Courtiers. hese have their Antics and Raunts, as if ney had been train'd amongst Apes. They rape (as one hath well exprest it) proportis Mathematicall: make strange Legs and ces, and in that phrase of the same Poet;

Varie their Mouths as 'twere by Magic spell, To figures ovall, square, and Triangle.

these impudent Sophisters assaulted mee with the zin-glorious Humors. When I look'd into C 3 their

their hearts, there was no Room for mee; they were full of proud Thoughts, and dream'd of a certain Riotous Happiness, which must bed maintain'd by my Expences, and Treasures. In the interim they did not consider that I was plain and simple, One that did not love Noise. but a privat, Sweet Content. I have Eugenius found thee neuch of my own Humor I have withall found thy Expectations patient. thou canst easily believe, where thou hast Reafon to thy Faith Thou hast all this while served without Wages, now is the time com to reward Thee. My love, I freely give Thee, and with it these tokens, my Key, and Scale. The one opens, the other shutts, bee sure to use both with Discretion. As for the Mysteries of this my Schoole, thou hast the Libertie to peruse them all, there is not any thing here, but I will me gladly reveale it to thee. I have one Pracept I shall commend to thee, and this it is, You on must bee Silent. You shall not in your writings a exceed my Allowances: Remember that I of am your Love, and you will not make mee a Prostitute. But because I wish you Servicea. ble to those of your own Disposition, I here in give you an Emblematicall Type of my San-Chuarie, with a full Priviledge to publish it. This is all, and now 7 am ging to that Invilible Region, is Admirately loss is . Let not that m Provert

A new Magicall Light, &c. 15 Proverb take place with you, Out of Sight, nut of Mind: Remember mee, and bee Happy.

These were her Instructions, which were no a coner delivered, but shee brought mee to a leare, large Light, and here I faw those Things, which I must not speak of. Having hus discovered all the parts of that glorious Labyrinth, shee did lead me out again with her Clew of Sun-beams, her Light that went Shining before us. When wee were past the Rocks Nilus, shee shewed mee a Secret Staire-Case, by which wee ascended from that deep hand flowrie Vale, to the face of this our Comnon Earth. Here Thalia stopt in a mute Ceemonie, for I was to bee left all alone. Shee look'd upon mee in silent smiles, mixt with a pretty kind of Sadness, for wee were unwilling nico part. But her Houre of Translation was come, and taking (as I thought) our last leave, shee past before my Eyes, we's 'Aim, inio the Ether of Nature.

Now verily was I much troubled, and omewhat disordered, but composing my self as well as I could, I came to a Cop of Myrles, where resting my self on a Flowrie Bank, I began to consider those Things which I had feen. This Solitude, and Melancholie studie continued not long, for it met with a very gratefull

gratefull Interruption. I could see Thalia as i were at the end of a Landskip, somwhat fa off, as wee see stars newly rifen : but in a mo ment shee was in the Myrtles, where seating ul her felf hard by mee, I received from her this Discourse. I would not Eugenius, have the Ma ignorant of the Unitie, and Concentration of Sciences. In the past, and more Knowing year and of the world, when Magic was better, and more generally understood, the Professors of this Art divided it into three parts, Elementally Coelestiall, and Spirituall. The Elemental part contained all the Secrets of Physic, the Co. lestiall those of Astrologie, and the Spiritual those of Divinitie. Every one of these by it selve was but a Branch or Lim, but being united all Three they were the Pandetts of the Science Now in these thy dayes there is no man can shew thee any reall Physic, or Astrologie, neither have they any more, than a Tong-and-Book Divinitie. The reason of it is this; In Process of time these three Sciences (which work no wonders without a mutuall essentiall Union) were by mis-interpretation dismembred, and set m apart, so that every one of them was held to be in a Facultie by it self. Now God had vnited these Three in one Naturall Subject, but man hee separated them, and placed them in no Subject, but in his own Brain, there then remaineo

inemained in words and fansie, not in Substaniall Elements, and Veritie. In this state the of ciences were dead and Ineffectuall: they eelded nothing but Noyse, for they were sepaated; As if thou should'st dismember a Man, and then expect some one part of him would performe those Actions, which the whole did, when he was alive. Thou doest know y very naturall Experience, that out of one pecificall Root there grow severall different ubstances, as Leaves, Flowers, Fruit, and l'eed; So out of one Universall Root, namely whe Chaos, grow all Specificall Natures, and wheir Individualls. Now there is no true Scince or Knowledge, but what is grounded upon Miensible, particular Substances, or upon that wensible Universall Substance, out of which all articulars are made. As for Universals in the Abstract, there are no such things, they were empty imaginarie Whymzies, for Abstrations are but so many Phantastic Suppositions. "Consider now Eugenius, that all Individuals, wen Man himself, hath nothing in him Mabe erially, but what he received from the mate-"iall Universall Nature. Consider again, that the same Individuals are Reducible to their wirst Physicall Universall Matter, and by Conrequence this Universall matter hath in it self he Secrets and Mysteries of all Particulars; for

for what soever includes the Subject it self, in a cludes also the Science of that subject. The conclude: In the first Matter, the Divin Wisdome is collected in a Generall Chaodical Center, but in the particulars made of the first Asatter it is dispersed, and spread out as i. were to a Circumference. It remains there that the Chaos is the Center of all Sciences, to which they may, and ought to be reduc'd, for - it is the sensible naturall Mysterium Magnum and under God the Secondary Temple of Wisdome. Search therefore, and examine the parts of this Chaos, by the Rules and Instruction ctions received, when I was with thee in the mineral Region. Dwell not altogether on the practice, for that is not the way to improve it: be sure to adde reason to thy. Experience, and to imploy thy mind aswell as thy hands Labour to know all Causes and their Effects: doe not only study the Receipt, like that broyling frying Company, who call themselves Chimists, but are indeed no Philosophers. This is all which I thinke fit to adde to my former to Prescriptions, but that which made me returne, was something else, and now thou shalt receive it. Thou hast heard sometimes I suppose of the Beryllistic part of Magic: have a care to apprehend me, and I will show thee the Foundation. Thou must know the stars take invent

an impresse no new Influx in perfect compleat Rodies, they only dispose, and in some measure ir up that influence, which bath been formerimpressed. It is most certain Eugenius, that Astrobolism takes place without some preious Corruption, and Alteration in the Paent for Nature works not but in loofe moy ft. is composed Elements. This Distemper proeds not from the stars, but from the Conarietie of the Elements amongst themselves: phensoever they fall out, and work their own Dissolution, then the Celestiall Fire puts in reconcile them againe, and generats some new orme, seeing the old one could consist no loner. Observe then that the Genuine Time of mpressions is, when the Principles are Spernatic and callow, but being once coagulated a perfect Body, the Time of Stellification is aft. Now the Ancient Mage in their Books speake of strange Astrologicall Lamps, mages, Rings, and Plates, which being us'd t certaine Hours, would produce incredible. a xtraordinario Effects. The common Astroinger, he takes a stone, or some peece of Metall, gures it with ridiculous Characters, and then exposeth it to the Planets, not in an Alkemusi, ut as he dreams himself, he knows not how. when this is done, all is to no purpose, but bough they faile in their practice, yet they believe

believe they understand the Books of the M. gi well enough. Now Eugenius that the mayst know what to doe, I will teach thee . W. Example. Take a ripe graine of Corne, th. in a Glasse, for any other vessell, and it will be a drie graine for ever. But if those does bury it in the Earth, that the nitrous Saltill moysture of that Element may dissolve it, the the Sun will worke upon it, and make it sprin and sprout to a new Body. It is just thus with the common Astrologer, he exposeth to the Planets a perfect compacted Body, and by this means thinks to performe the Magician't Gamaea, and marry the Inferior and Superior rior Worlds. It must be a Body reduc'd intil Sperm, that the Heavenly Feminine moysture which receives and retains the Impresse of the Astrall Agent, may be at Liberty, and immediatly expos'd to the Masculine Fire of Nature. This is the ground of the Beryl, but you must remember that nothing can be stellified without the joynt Magnetism of three Heavens; what they are I have told you elsewhere, and I will not trouble you with Repetitions. When she had thus said, she took out of her Bosome, two miraculous Medals not Metalline, but such as I had never seen, neither did I conceive there was in Nature fuch

h pure, and glorious Substances. In my gement they were two Magicall Aftroins, but she call'd them Saphirics of the and Moone. These Miracles she comanded to my perusall, excusing her self as ng sleepie, otherwise she had expounded in for me. I look'd, admir'd, and wead my felf in their Contemplation. Their implexion was so heavenly, their contrinince so mysterious, I did not well know, at to make of them. I turn'd aside to see the was still a sleep, but she was gone, and s did not a little trouble me. I expected Returne, till the Day was quite spent, but did not appeare. At last fixing my Eys on place, where shee sometimes rested, I cover'd certain peeces of Gold, which she Il left behind her, and hard by a paper ded like a Letter. These I took up, and w the Night approaching, the Eveningr tinn'd in the West, when taking my last vey of her flowrie pillow, I parted from it his Verle

Retty green Bank farewell! and mayst thou we are Sun beams, and Rose, and Lilies all the yeare! She she for on Thee: but needed not to shed Gold, 'twas pay enough to be her Bed.

Flow'rs are Favorits: for this lov'd Day were my Rivals, and with Her did play.

#### 22 Lumen de Lumine, or

They found their Heav'n at hand, and in her Eys
Injoy'd a Copie of their absent skies.
Their weaker paint did with true Glories trade,
And mingl'd with her Cheeks, one Posse made.
And did not her soft skin confine their pride,
And with a skreen of Silk both Flowr's divide,
They had suck'd life from thence, and from her Heat
Borrow'd a Soul to make themselves compleat.

O happy Pillow! Though thou art layd even With Dust, she made thee up almost a Heaven. Her Breath rain'd Spices, and each Amber ring Of ber bright locks strew'd Bracelets o'r thy spring. That Earth's not poor, did such a Treasure hold, But thrice inrich'd, with Amber, Spice, and Gold.

41 grapes
29 Small Stars
3 Large Stars
1 Sun
1 Moore

Schola

12 Small Griffins
1 Laye Dragon
1 Blind man
1 Woman with wings and }
flaming sword

see also magia adamica?

SCHOLAE MAGICAE TYPVS.



Ro: Vanghan fculp:

24 Lumen de Lumine, or

His is that Emblematicall Mag do call Type, which Thalia deliverem to me in the invisible Gurana. This first and Superior part of it repress fents the Mountains of the Moon. The Phon losophers commonly call them the Mount tains of India, on whose Tops grows their for cret and famous Lunaria. It is an Herid easie to be found, but that nich are blind, for it discovers it self, and thines after night like Pearle. The Earth of these Mountain is very red and foft beyond all Expression It is full of Chrystalline Rocks, which the Philosophers call their Glase, and their Stone Birds and Fish (fay they) bring it to then Of these Mountains speaks Hali the Ard bian, a most excellent judicious Author. Va de fili ad Montes India, & ad Cavernas sua & accipe ex eis lapides honoratos qui liquefi unt in Aqua, quando commiscentur ei. Gc my son to the Mountains of I dia, and t their Quarries or Caverns and take thence of precious stones, which dissolve or melt in me ter, when they are ming?'d therewith. Muc indeed might be spoken concerning the Mountains, if it were lawfull to publish the Mysteries, but one thing I shall not forbea to tell you. They are very dangerous place after Night, for they are haunted with Fire ar

dother strange Apparitions, occasion'd (as model by the Meri) by certaine spirits; nich dabble lasciviously with the sperm of world, and imprint their Imaginations in producing many times fantastic, and monous Generations. The Accesse and Pilguinge to this place, with the Difficulties suich attend them, are faithfully, and materially described by the Brothers of R.C. neir Language indeed is very simple, and the most men perhaps contemptible: But speake sinely was no part of their Designe, wir Learning lyes not in the Phrase, but the Sense, and that is it, which I propose the Consideration of the Reader.

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# A Letter from the Brothers of R. C.

Concerning the Invisible, Managicall MOUNTAINE,

And the Treasure therein

Contained.

Nusquisque naturà desyderat es Dux : habere Aureos & Argentec "Mundo. Deus autem hæc omnia Creavi, ut Homo iis utatur, Eorumque sit Dom , nus, & agnofcat in illis fingularem ejus Bo "nitatem & Omnipotentiam, Iph gratias a "gat, Eum honoret, & laudet. Nemo autel "vult hæc omnia nisi otiosis diebus, & null ", labore, & periculo præcunte conquirere "neque ex loco eo consequi, in quo Deus i la posuerit : etiamque vust ut quarantu a Quarentibus dabit. Nemo vero vust su dem sibi in illo soco quarere, & proptere a tiam non inveniuntur. Siquidem à long "tempore Via, & locus ad Hac incognitu "est, & maxima parti absconditus. Etian

vero Locum & Viam difficile & laboriosum sit invenire, locus tamen est investigandus. Cum vero Deus coram suis nihil absconditum velit, ideo in hoc ultimo faculo antequam Judicium extremum veniat, Dignis hæc omnia sunt revelanda : uti (obscurè tamen fatis, nè manifesta fiant Indignis) in quodam loco inquit; Nihil est Absconditum, quod non reveletur. Nos igitur à Spiritu Mat. Dei acti, hanc Dei Voluntatem Mundo an- 26. nunciamus, uti etiam in Diversis linguis à Nobis factum, & publicatum est. Istam verò publicationem aut major pars calumminiatur, aut contemnit, aut sine Deo promissa ejus penes nos quærit, existimans nos llos statim Docturos, quo modo Aurum Chimicum sit præparandum, aut illis afferre magnos Thefauros, quibus possint coram nundo pompose vivere, superbire, Bella gerere, Lucra exercere, helluati, potare, inontinenter vivere, & in aliis peccatis viam commaculare, Quæ tamen omnia conraria sunt voluntati ipsius Dei. Hi exempla apere debebant à decem virginibus illis quarum quinque Stolida à prudentibus per Neum petebant) esse multum aliam ratiologiem, dum nimirum opus sit, ut quilibet proprio labore & studio in Deo id consequaur. Nos ramen illorum socierum Animos D 2

"ex singulari Dei gratia & Revelatione, etian "ex ipsorum scriptis agnoscimus, aures no "stras obturamus, & quasi nutibus nos obdu "cimus, ne Ipsorum Boatus, & Ejulatus au "diamus, qui in vanum aurum clamant "Atque hinc sit etiam quod multum Calum "niarum & Convitiorum contra nos essun "dunt, qua non curamus, sed Deus suo tem "pore judicabit.

"Postquam verò Nos Vestrum Duorum "Diligentiam, & sedulitatem, quam in ver "Cognitione Dei, & Lectione sacrorum Bi "bliorum impenditis, jampridem (quamvi "vobis inscientibus) bene seivimus, etiam e "vestro agnovimus scripto, Nos etiam ve "præ multis aliis millibus responso alique "dignari voluimus, & vobis hoc significar "ex permissu Dei, & Spiritus Sancti Admo

" nitione.

"Est MONS situs in medio Terra "
"vel Centro orbis, qui est parvus & magnus "
"est mollis, etiam supra modum durus & "
"Saxosus; est unicuique propinguus, & lon "
"ginguus, sed ex Consilio Dei Invisibilis. I "
"eo sunt maximi Thesauri absconditi, que "
"Mundus numerare non potest; Qui mon "
"ex Invidià Diaboli (qui omni tempore De "
"Gloriam, & Falicitatem Hominis impedit "
"multum trucibiu Animalibus, & aliis A

, vibus rapacibus circumdatus est, quæ viam , Homini reddunt difficilem, & periculosam, , & propterea huc ulque etiam (quia Tempus nondum est) ea via nec dum ab Omni-bus quæri potuit, aut inveniri. Nunc vero a Dignis (interim proprio cujusque labore) Via invenienda est. Ad hunc Montem ite Nocte quadam (cum ea sie) longistima, & obscurissima, & præparate vosmetipsos per , fideles precationes. Insstite in viam ubi Mons sit inveniendus, Quærite autem ex Nemine ubi via sit invenienda, sed sequimi-ni sideliter vestrum Ductorem, qui se vo-, bis liftet, & in itinere vos offendet, vos verò , illum non agnoscetis. Hic medià nocte, , cum omnia tranquilla & obscura sunt, vos ad Montem adducet, sed necesse est ut vos , præmuniatis animo magno & heroico, ne "reformidetis ea, quæ vobis occurrent & re-", cedatis. Nullo gladio Corporali indigetis, , nec aliis Armis, sed Deum solummodo in-", vocate Syncere, & ex Animo. Postquam vi-, distis Montem, primum Miraculum quod ,, procedet, hoc est. Vehementissimus & maximus Ventus, qui Montem commove-, bit, & Rupes discutiet. Tunc vobis se of-, ferent Leones & Dracones, & alia Terri-I, bilia Animalia, sed nihil hæc reformidate; , Estote stabiles, & cavete ne recedatis, Nam

, vester Conductor qui vos conduxit, non permittet ut aliquid Mali vobis fiat. Verum "Thesaurus nondum est detectus, sed valde , propinquus. Hunc Ventum sequitur Terræ-" motus, qui absolvet ca, quæ Ventus reliquit, », & aquabit ea, Cavete tamen nè recedatis, " Post Terramotum sequetur Ignis maximus, "qui omnem Terrestrem Materiam consumet, & Thesaurum deteget, vos vero eum videre w "nequitis. Verum post hac omnia, & fermè circa Tempus Matutinum erit Tranquilli-"tas magna, & amica, & videbitis stellam "Matutinam ascendere, & Auroram assur-"gere, & magnum Thesaurum animadver-" tetis: penes quem præcipuum & exactifi-"mum est summa quædam Tinctura, quâ "Mundus (si Deo placeret, & tantis donis dig-"nusesset) posset tingi, & in summum Au-"rum Coverti.

"Hac Tinctura utentes uti vos docuerit " vester Conductor, vos quamvis senes, red-", det Juvenes, & in nullo membro animad-", vertetis ullum morbum. Penes hanc Tin-", eturam invenietis etiam Margaritas, quas , nè quidem licet excogitare. Vos vero nihil capietis pro Autoritate vestra, sed sitis con-tenti cum eo quod vobis Conductor com-municabit. Deo semper gratias agite pro Hoe, & summam curam intendite, ne coram

mundo

mundo superbiatis, sed Dono hoc rectè utimini, & in ea impendite, quæ Mundo sunt contraria, & ita possidete, quasi non haberecis. Ducite vitam Temperatam, & cavete ab omni genere peccati, alioqui hic vester Conductor à vobis se divertet, & privabimini hac fælicitate. Scitote enim hoc ideliter, Qui Tinctura hac abutitur, & non vivit exemplariter, purè, & Syncerè coram Hominibus, Beneficium hoc amittet. & paum spei restabit, quo iterum id Recipere possit, esc.

Thus have they described unto us the Mount of God, the mysticall Philosophicall oreb: which is nothing else but the highest d purest part of the Earth. For the supeor secret portion of this Element is Holy ound, and Aristotle tels his Peripatetics, cus quo Excelsior, eo Divinior. It is the ed-plot of the Eternall Nature, the immebut Vessell, and Recipient of Heaven, where Minerals and Vegetables have their Roots, d by which the Animal Monarchie is wintain'd. This Philosophicall, Black Samortifies and coagulats the Invihile Mercury of the stars, and on the contrary Mercury kils and dissolves the Saturn, 1 out of the Corruption of Both the Cen-

tral

stral and Circumferentiall Suns generat a ner Body. Hence the Philosophers describing their Stone, tell us it is Lapis niger, vilis, & fatens & dicitur Origo Mundi, & oritur sicut Ger. minantia. As for the Epistle of the Frater nitie, I shall for satisfaction of the ordinar in Reader, put it into English. I know some Doctors will think it no Advantage, but their they confesse their Ignorance: I can assurance them, The Subject is no where to clearly low discovered, and for the first abstruse prepara ut tion, there is no privat Author hath men tion'd it, but here wee have it intirely, and withall most faithfully described. I confession indeed their Instruction wears a Mask, in speaks in Tropes, but very plaine and pervilon ous, and the English of it is This.

Every Man naturally desires a Superior ority, to have Treasures of Gold and Silver and to seeme Great in the Eys of the Worland God indeed created all things for the nse of Man, that he might rule over them, and acrea knowledge therein the singular Goodnesse and Omnipotencie of God, give him Thank and Omnipotencie of God, give him Thank and For his Benefits, honour him and praise him the But there is no man looks after these Things of hermise than by spending his dayes idely, the

sould injoy them without any previous labour, nd Danger, neither doe they look them out f that place, where God hath treasur'd them p, who expects also that man should seek for bem there, and to those that seek, will he ive them. But there is not any that labours or a possession in that place, and therfore these liehes are not found: For the way to this lace, and the place it self hath been unknown for long time, and it is hidden from the greatest art of the World. But notwithstanding it be ifficult, and laborious to find out this way and lace, yet the placeshould be sought after. But it not the will of God to conceale any thing from hose that are his, and therefore in this last Age, before the Finall Judgement comes, all bese things shall be manifested to those that re worthy: As hee Himselfe (though bscurely, lest it should be manifested to the nworthy) hath spoken in a certaine place: there is Nothing covered that shall not be evealed, and hidden that shall not be known. We therefore being moved by the spirit of God, loe declare the will of God to the World, which ve have also already performed, (a) and pub- 2 Fam.

of the description of the second of the second

relse maving the spirit of God, they expect R.C.

the proposals thereof from us, supposing we will the straightway teach them how to make Gold by Art, or furnish them with ample Treasures, whereby they may live pompously in the factor of the World, Swagger, and make Wars, turn, V surers, Gluttons, and Drunkards, live un. chastely, and defile their whole life with seve. The rall other sins, all which Things are contrar to the Blessed will of God. These Men should in have learnt from those Ten Virgins (whereo Five that were foolish demanded Oile for their a Lamps, from those Five that were wise) hon the that the Case is much otherwise. It is expe-11,1 dient, that every man should labour for this Treasure by the Assistance of God, and his own particular Search and Industry, But the perverse Intentions of these Fellows we understand out of their own writings, by the fingular Grace and Revelation of God; weet doe stop our Ears, and wrap our selves as it in were in Clouds, to avoid the Bellowings and Howlings of those men, who in vaine crie out the for Gold. And hence indeed it comes to passes that they brand us with infinite Calumnics was and Slanders, which notwithstanding we doe to not resent, but God in his good Time will judge them for it. But after that we had well known (though unknown to you) and perceived also a by your writing, how diligently you are to peruse M the

A new weagicau Light, &c. 35 Holy Scripture, and seek the true knowge of God: we have also above many Thouds, thought you worthy of some Answer.

we signifie this much to you by the will of d, and the Admonition of the Holy asoft.

There is a Mountain situated in the Midst he Earth, or Center of the world, which is In small, and Great. It is soft, also above fure Hard and Stonie. It is far off, and at hand, but by the providence of God, distible. In it are hidden most ample Treaes, which the world is not able to value. This untain by Envic of the Devill, who alwaies feth the Glory of God, and the Happine se Man, is compassed about with very cruell ofts and other Ravenous Birds, which make way thit her both difficult, and dangerous: therefore bitherto, because the Time is eyet come, the way thither could not be fought r, nor found out. But now at last the way be found by those that are worthy, but not --Istneding by every man's self-labour, and eavours.

To this Mountaine you shall goe in a cer-e Night (when it comes) most long, and dark, and see that you prepare your selves rayer. Infift upon the way that leads to Mountaine, but aske not of any man where

the way lyes: only follow your Guide, who w offer himself to you, and will meet you in t way, but you shal not know him. This Guide n bring you to the Mountain at Midnight, wh all things are silent and Dark. It is necessal that you arme your selves with a resolute h roic courage, least you feare those things th will happen, and so fall back. You need Sword, nor any other Bodily weapons, only co upon God sincerely, and heartily. When y have discovered the Mountaine, the first M racle that will appeare, is this. A most r hement, and very great wind, that will sha the Mountaine, and shatter the Rocks to pe ces. You shall be incounter'd a! so by Lions as Dragons, and other Terrible Beasts, but fea not any of these things. Be resolute, and ta heed that you returne not, for your Guide w brought you thither, will not suffer any Evi to befall you. As for the Treasure, it is n yet discovered, but it is very neer. After th wind will come an Earthquake, that will verthrow those things, which the wind ha left, and make all Flat. But be sure, that n fall not off. The Earthquake being past, the Shall follow a Fire, that will consume the Eart ly Rubbish, and discover the Treasure, b as yet you cannot see it. After all these thing and neer the Day-break, there shall be a gre

Im, and you shall see the Day-star arise, and Dawning will appeare, and you shall perve a great Treasure. The Chiefest thing in and the most perfect, is a certain exalted of the with which the world (if it served it, and were worthy of such Gifts) might be red, and turn'd into most pure Gold.

This Tincture being used, as your Guide Iteach you, will make you young when you old, and you shall perceive no Disease in part of your Bodies. By means of this Tinre also, you shall find pearls of that Excelry, which cannot be imagined. But doe not arrogat any thing to your selves because of r present power, but be contented with that ich your Guide shall communicat to you. aise God perpetually for this his Gift, and ve a speciall care that you use it not for Idly pride, but imploy it in such workes, ich are contrary to the world. Use it rightand injoy it so, as if you had it not. Live a sperat life, and beware of all sin, otherwise r Guide will for sake you, and you shall be deved of this Happinesse. For know this of a ith, who sever abuseth this Tincture, and es not exemplarly, purely, and devoutly bemen, he shall lose this Benefit, and scarce hope will there be left, ever to recover it rwards.

This

This much we have from these famo kall and most Christian Philosophers: Men qual flionlesse, that have suffer'd much by their out discreet silence, and Solitude. Every Sopkist contemns them, because they appeare not the World, and concludes there is no full Societie, because hee is not a member of There is scarce a Reader so just, as to consider upon what Grounds they conceale themselv and come not to the Stage, when every Fitt cries, Enter. No man looks after them but the worldly Ends, and truly if the Art it felf dis not promise Gold, I am confident it would fin but few followers. How many are there in the world, that study Nature to know God? Com tainly they study a Receit for their purses, no for their fouls, nor in any good sense for the Bodies. It is fit then they should be left their Ignorance, as to their Cure: It may the Nullitie of their Expectations will reform them, but as long as they continue in the Humor, neither God nor Good men will a fift them.

The Inferior part of this Type presents to Dark Circle, charg'd with many strange Chile mara's, and Aristotle's respense, that Maraphysicall Beast of the Schoolemen. It significate innumerous conceited Whimzies, and a rie roving Imaginations of Man. For, before

attain to the Truth, we are subject to a opusand Fansies, Fictions, and Apprehensiwhich wee fallly suppose, and many Times lickly propose for the Truth it self. This intastic Region is the true Originall Semide of all Sects and their Dissentions. Hence he the despayring Sceptic, the loose Epicure, Hypocriticall Stoic, and the Atheous Peritic. Hence also their severall Digladiati-Labout Nature: Whether the first Matter Fire, Aire, Earth, or Water, or a Frie of Jaginarie Atoms, all which are false and ulous Suppositions. If wee look on Religiand the Diversities thereof; whence prodeded the present Herefies and Schismes, but m the Different, erroneous Apprehensions Men? Indeed whiles wee follow our own files, and build on bottomless unsettl'd Imaations, wee must needs Wander, and grope the Dark, like those that are Blindfolded. the Contrarie, if wee lay the Line to our mights, and examine them by Experience, are in the way to bee Infallible, for wee e hold of that Rule, which God hath pro-Ad for our Direction. In vain hath he made ture, if wee dwell on our own Conceptions, make no use of her Principles. It were a by Necessity, if our thoughts could not vafrom her wayes: but Certainly for us to think

think, that we can find the Truth by men Contemplation without Experience, is as great a madness, as if a Man should shutt his En from the Sun, and then believe hee can tri vaile directly from London to Grand Cain by fansying himself in the right way, without the Affistance of the Light. It is true, that it man enters the Magicall Schoole, but his wanders first in this Region of Chimara's for the Inquiries which we make before were attain to Experimentall Truths, are most them Erroneous. Howfoever wee should be so rational, and patient in our Disquisition as not imperiously to obtrude and force the upon the world, before wee are able to Veriland them.

I ever approved that regular and solid speeds
of Basil Valentine: Disce igitur Disputati
mi, & inquire primum Fundamentum ip a
coulis & manu, quod Natura secum fert a se
sconditum: Sic demum prudenter, & cum just
dicio de Rebus disserere, & supra inexpugnit
bilem Petram adissere poteris. Sine hoc a
tem vanus & phantasticus Nugator manebile
cujus Sermones absg, ulla Experientia supres
cujus Sermones absg, ulla Experientia supres
enemm solum fundati sunt. Qui autem ser
mocinationibus suis & Nugis me aliquid de
cere vult, is me verbis tantum nudis non pa
cat, sed Experientia sastum Documentum

mul sit præsto oportet, sine quo non teneor prbis locum dare, fidemque iis adhibere. End in another place, Nugatorem hand mo-(saith he) qui non per Experientiam proam loquitur : Nam ejus Seimones perinfundati sunt, ac Caci Judicium de Colous. Questionlesse all this was the Breath a true Philosopher, one that studied not : Names, but the Natures of Things. I pose it as Batterie to the Schoolemen, if y will needs muster their Syllogisms, I ex-It also they should confirme their Noyse by meir Experience.

Within this Phantastic Circle stands a mump, and it typifies the Light of Nature. his is the secret Canale of Ged, which hee th tim'd in the Elements, it burns and is Geen, for it shines in a dark place. Every turall Body is a kind of Black Lanthorne arries this Candle within it, but the Light pears not, it is Ecclips'd with the Grossnesse the matter. The Effects of this Light are parent in all things, but the Light it self is wayed, or else not followed. The great worldhath Sun for his Life and Candle; according to Absence and presence of this Fire, all things the world flourish or wither. We know by experience, and this in our own Bodies, that long as life lasts, there is a continual Coation.

Etion, a certain feething or Boyling within 1 This makes us fweat, and expire in perpetua Defluxions at the pores, and if we lay o hands to our skin, we can feel our own Hed which must needs proceed from an inclose Fire, or Light. All Vegetables grow, an augment themselves, they put forth the fruits and Flowers, which could not bee, fome Heat did not stirup, and alter the Ma ter; we see moreover that in Vegetables, th Light is sometimes discovered to the Eye, it appears in rotten wood, where the star-fi shines after Night. As for Minerals, the first matter is coagulated by this fire spiri and altered from one Complexion to Am ther. To which may be added this Trut for Manifestation: if the Minerall Prin ciples be artificially dissolved, that their fin and spirit may be at Liberty, even Meta themselves may be made Vegetable. Th Fire or Light is no where to be found in fuc abundance and puritie, as in that subject, which the Arabians call Halicali, from Hali sum mum, and Calop Bonum: but the Latin Authors corruptly write it Sal Alkali. Th substance is the Catholick Receptacle of spirit it is bleffed and impregnated with Light from above, and was therefore styl'd by the Mag. cidns, Domus signata, plena Luminis & Di vinitatis.

But to proceed in the Exposition of our pe; not far from this Lamp you may oble ve the Angel or Genius of the place. In hand he bears a sword, to keep off the ntentious and unworthy : in the other a Clew Thread to lead in the Humble, and Harm-Te. Under the Altar lyes the Green Drahit felfa Treasure of Gold and Pearl. This neither Dreame nor Fansie, but a known, monstrable, practicall Truth. The Treae is there to be found, infinitely Rich and il : Indeed we must confesse it is inchanthe A'mightie God. It can neither be feen felt, but the Cabinet that holds it, is every any under our Feet. On this Treasure fits a the Child, with this Inscription, Non nife The vulis. It tels us, how they should bec ified who defire to be admitted to this. ie. They must be Innocent, and very Humnot impudent proud Raunters, nor Coble, not Contentious: They must love the th, and (to speak in a homely Phrase)—
must also like Children and Fools tell the
th. In a word, they must be as our Savihimself hath said, Like one of these little

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This .

This is the Summe of that Magicall Em bleme which Thalia communicated to me is the Minerall Region. More I cannot say che it, for I was not trufted with more in Relati tion to a publick and popular use. I will now proceed to a Discovery of some other My steries, which I received from her, and thosy Such, as are not commonly sought after. The Basis of them all, is the visible, tangible Quin tessence, or the first created unity, out of which the Physicall Tetractys did spring. I sha speak of them not in a cast artificiall Dij course and Method, but in their own Natur rall Harmonicals Order, and First of all co the First Matter.

The First Matter.

Hen I seriously consider the System or Fabric of this world, I find it to be a certaine Series, a Link o Chaine, which is extended a non Gradu ad no. Gradum, From that which is beneath all At prehension, to that which is above all Appropriate prehension. That which is Beneath all Degree of Sense, is a certaine Horrible Inexpressible Darknesse, The Magicians call it Tenebr Active, and the Effect of it in Nature i Cold, &c. For Darknesse is vultus Frigoris the Complexion, Body, and Matrix of Cold

s Light is the Face, Principle, and Fountaine f Heat. That which is above all Degree of ntelligence, is a certaine Infinite Inaccessible ire or Light. Dionysius cals it Caligo Divina, because it is Invisible, and Incomprerensible. The Jew styles it 71x Ein, that is Vihil or Nothing: but in a Relative infe, or as the Schoolmen expresse it, Quo ad os. In plaine tearms it is Deitas nuda sine ndumento. The middle Substances, or Chaine between these Two, is That which we Comnonly call Nature. This is the Scala of the reat Chaldee, which doth reach à Tartaro d primum I gnem, from the Subternaturall Darknesse to the supernatural Fire. These Middle Natures came out of a certaine water, which was the Sperm, or First Matter of the Freat world, and now we will begin to decribe it : Capiat, qui Capere potest.

It is in plaine Tearms χύτον τὸ ρύτον υδαρ: Or ather it is τὸ χυτὸ, that is τοῦ κυματού κε, τὸ τὸ χείος τὸ τοῦς; an exceedingly soft, moyst, fusible, awing Earth: An Earth of wax, that is carable of all Formes and Impressions. It is soft superior γυχιώτος, Terra-Filius Aquâ mixtus, and to speake as the Nature of the Thing requires, γιαμιγός, τὸ γο γαμοῦ. The learned Aries hims of defines it, θείον Αργύριον ζωτικόν, 'ἐνωτις τῶς κινυματῶν ἐν πρῶμα, It is a Divine animated Masse,

of

of Complexion somewhat like Silver, the Union of Masculine and Feminine spirits, There Quintessence of Four, the Ternarie of Two, and the Tetract of One. These are his Generations Physicall, and Mtaphysicall. The Thing it self is a world without Forme, neither meer power, nor perfett Action: but an weak virgin Substance, a certain soft prolific Venus. the very Love and Seed, the Mixture for and Alogfure of Heaven and Earth. This Moy sture is the Mother of all I kings in the world, and the Masculine Sulphureous Fire of the Earth is their Father. Now the 3-ws, who without Controverse were the nisest of Nations, when they discourse of the Generation of Metals, tell us it is performed in this manner The Mercuri, or Mineral liquor (lay they) is altogether cold and p. Sive, and it lyes in certain earthy Subterraneous Caverns: But when the Sun ascends in the East, his Beams and Heat falling on this Hemssphere, stir up and fortifie the inward Heat of the Earth. Thus we fee in winter meather that the outward Heat of the Sun excites the inward naturall Warmth of our Bodies, and cheerisbeth the Bloud when it is almost cold and frozen. Now then the Central heat of the Earth being stirr'd and seconded by the Circumferentiall Heat of the Sun, works upon the Mer-

ury, and sublimes it in a thin vapour to the op of it's Cell or Cavern. But towards Night then the Sun fets in the West, the Heat of ne Earth because of the Absence of that reat Luminarie, grows weak, and the Cold revailes, so that the vapours of the Mercuwhich were formerly sublim'd, are now. indens'd, and distill in Drops to the Bottome f their Cavern. But the Night being spent, ne Sun againe comes about to the East, and ublimes the Moysture as formerly: This ublimation and Condensation continue so ing till the Mercury takes up the Subtill ulphureous parts of the Earth, and is inrporated therewith, so that this sulphur coalats the Mercury, and fixeth him at last lat he will not sublime, but lyes still in a inderous Lump, and is concoited to a perfect Istall, Take notice then that our Mercucannot be coagulated without our Sulphur, r Draco non moritur sine suo Compare: it water that dissolves and putrifies Earth, and arth that thickens and putrifies Water. You iust therefore take two principles to produce Third Agent, according to that dark Receit -Hali the Arabian. Accipe Canem Masdum Corascenum, & Catellam Armenia, onjunge, & parient tibi Catulum coloris eli. Take (saith he) the Corascen Dog, and

the Bitch of Armenia, put them both together and they will bring thee a skie colour'd Whell This skie colour'a whelp is that Soveraign, and mir'd, and famous Mercury, known by the Name of the Philosophers Mercury. Nount for my part I advise thee to take two living Mercuries, plant them in a purified Mini ral Saturn, wash them and feed them with water of Salt Vegetable, and thou shalt sim that speech of the Adeptus verified: Paris Mater Florem germinalem, quem ubere fra viscoso nutriet, & se totam ei in Cibum ve.... tet, sovente Patre. But the Processe or Recession is no part of my Design, wherefore I will roll turn to the first Matter, and I say it is no kind of water what soever. Reader if it be thy Di fire to attaine to the Truth, rely upon my words, for I speak the truth, and I am no Deceiver. The Alother or first Matter ou Metals is a certaine watery Substance, neithor very water, nor very Earth, but a Third things compounded of Both, and retaining the Com plexion of neither. To this agrees the leave ned Valentine in his appoint and genuine Den scription of our Sperm. Materia Prim (saith he) est Aguosa Substantia, Sicca re persa, & nulli Materia comparabilis . This first Matter is a waterish Substance found Drie, or of such a Complexion that wets my

A new Magicall Light, &c. 49 e Hand, and nothing like to any other the Latter what seever. Another excellent, and bear ell experienc'd Philosopher defines it thus. 7 Terrena Agua, & Aguosa Terra in erra ventre Terra commixta, cum Qua (e mmiscet Spiritus, & Calestis Influxus. It (saith he) an Earthy water, and a watery arth, mingl'd with Earth in the Belly of the arth, and the spirit and Influences of Heaon commix themselves therewith. Indeed it nnot bee denied but some Authors have im'd this Substance by the names of all ornary waters, not to deceive the simple, but , hide it from the Ranting, ill-disposed Crew. in the contrary some have expresly and ithfully Informed us it is no Common war, and especially the reverend Turba. Igari (saith Agadmon) cum audiunt nomen A-sa, putant Aquam Nubis esse, quod si libros ostros intelligerent, scirent esse Aquam perranentem, que absque suo Compari cum que acta est unum, permanens esse non possit. The morant (saith he) when they heare us name vater, think it is water of the Clouds, but ifhey understood our Books, they should know to be a permanent or fix'd water, which vithout its Sulphur to which it hath been inited, cannot be permanent. The noble and inowing Sendivogius tels us the very fame

Thing: Aqua nostra est Aqua Calestis nel madefaciens manus, non vulgi, sed fere plu vialis. Our water is a heavenly mater, which wets not the hand, not that of the commo. Man, but almost or as it were Pluvial We must therefore consider the severall Ana logies and similatudes of Things, or we shall never be able to under stand the Philosophers This Water then wets not the Hand, which is notion enough to periwade us it can be me common water. It is a Mitalline bitter, Sal. tish liquor. It hath a true minerall Complexi. on: Habet (faith Raymund Lullie) (peciem Solis & Lune, & in tale Aqua nobes appara ruit, non in Aqua Fontis, aut pluvice. But it! an other place he describes it more fully, Est Agua sicca (saith he) non agua Nubis, aus phlegmatica, sed agua Cholerica, igne Calidior. It is a drie water, not water of the Clouds, or phlegmatic water, but a Choleric water, more bot than Fire. It is moreover Greenish to the fight, and the same Lullie tels you so: habet colorem lacerta Viridis, it looks faith he, like a green lizard. But the most prevalent Co-1 lour in it, is a certain inexpressible Azure, like the Body of Heaven in a clear Day. It looks in Truth like the Belly of a Snake, efpecially neer the Neck, where the Scales have a deep Blew Tincture, and this is the reason,

y the Philosophers call'd it their serpent, I their Dragon. The predominant Element lit, is a certaine Fierie subtill Earth, and m this prevalent part the Best Philosophers. are denominated the whole Compound. Pa-+ elsus names it openly but in one place, and cals it Viscum Terra, The Slime, or Viss part of the Earth. Raymund Lullie debeth the Crisis, or Constitution of it in Ce words. Substantia lapidis nostri est tota quis, & I gne impregnata. The Substance. our stone (saith he) is altogether fat, or rous, and impregnated with fire; In which pect he cals it eliewhere not water, but th. Capias Terram nostram (faith he). regnatam à Sole, quia lapis est honoratus, ertus in Hostitus desertis, & est intus usum velut magnum Secretum, & Therus incantatus. Take our Earth, which inpregnated, or with Child by the Sun, for our precious stone, which is found in deso-Honses, and there is shut up in it a great. et, and a Treasure inchanted. And againe, La certaine place he delivers himself thus. ma materia Fili, eft Terra subtilis sulphus , & hac nobilis Terra dictum est Subjectum ercurial. My son (saith he) the first Matis a subtil, Sulphureous Earth, and this le Earth is call'd the Mercurial subject. Know

Know then for certaine that this Slimie mouth Sperm, or Earth, must be dissolved into math and this is the Water of the Philosophers, n any common water whasoever. This is the grand secret of the Art, and Lullie discovella it, with a great deale of Honesty, and Chit ritie. Argentum vivum no trum (faith him non est Argentum vivum Vulgare: Imo And gentum vivum nostrum est Aqua alteri Natura, qua reperiri non potest supra Tetta ram, cum in actionem venire non possit puc Nataram, absque adjutorio Ingenii. & Hi manarum manuum operationibus. Our Men cury is not common Mercury, or Quick-filver but our Mercury is a water, which cannot be found upon Earth, for it is not made, manifested by the ordinary course of Natural but by the Art, and manual Operations Min. Seek not then for that in natural which is an Effect beyond her ordinary pri ceffe : you must help her, that the may exceed her common course, or all is to no purpose. In [ word, you must make this water, before you com find it. In the interim you must permit the Pk losophers to call their subject, or Chaos, a Wate for there is no proper name for it, unlesse we co it a Sperm, which is a matery Substance, but certainly no Water. Let it suffice, that you a not cheated, for they tell you what it is, an wha

net it is not, which is all that Man can If I aske you, by what name you call the rm of a Chick, you will tell me it is the te of an Egge, and truly so is the shell as las the Sperm that is within it: But if you it Earth or water, you know well enough neither, and yet you cannot find a third 12e. Judge then as you would be judged, this is the very case of the Philosophers: tainly you must be very unreasonable, if a expect that language from Men, which It hath not given them. Now that we may firme this our Theorie and Discourse of Sperm not only by Experience but by lason, it is necessary that we consider the alities and Temperament of the Sperm. It shen a slimie slippery, Diffusive Moisture. it we consider any perfect products they firme, compacted, figurated Bodies, and nce it follows they must be made of someng that is not firme, not compacted, not firated, but a meak, quivering, altering subnce. Questionlesse thus it must be, unlesse make the Sperm to be of the same Comxion with the Body, and then it must folthat Generation is no Alteration. Againe: sevident to all the world, that nothing is passive as Moysture. The least heat turnes ster to a Vapour, and the least cold turns:

that Vapour to Water. Now let us confident what Degree of Heat it is, that alts in a Generations, for by the Agent we may que at the Naure of the patient. We know the Sun is so remote from us, that the Heat of (as daily Experience tels us) is very faint, ar remisse. I desire then to know, what Sul jest is there in all Nature, that can be altered with such a weake Heat, but Moysture Certainly none at all : for all hard Bodie as Salts, Stones, and Metals, preserve, and retaine their Complexions in the most violeni exceffive Fires. How then can we expect the should be altered by a gentle, and almost in sensible Warmth? It is plaine then, and that by infallible inference from the proportion and power of the Agent, that Moysture must need be the patient: For that Degree of Heat, which Nature makes use of in her Generations, il so remisse and weak, it is impossible for it to alter any thing but what is morst, and waterish. This truth appears in the Animal Familie, where we know well enough the Sperms are moyst: indeed in Vegetables the Seeds are Drie, but then Nature generats nothing out of them, till they are first macerated, or morstned with Water. And here my Peripatetic, thou are quite gone, and with thee thy pura potentia, that fanatic Chaos of the

Son of Nichomachus. But I must advise Chimists to beware of any Common Moye, for that will never be altered otherwise to a Vapour. See therefore that thy sture be well tempered with Earth, otherthou hast nothing to dissolve, and nothing Coagulat. Remember the practice, and gic of the Aimigitie God in his Creation, is manifested to thee by Moses. In prin-(saith he) creavit Deus Calum & Ter-: But the Originall if it be truly, and raally renderd, speaks thus, In principio s miscuit Rarum, & Densum; In the nning God mingl'd or temper'd together Thin and the Thick: for Heaven and h in this Text (as we have told you in Anima Magica) signisse the Virgin ercury, and the Virgin Sulphur. This I prove out of the text it felf, and that the vulgar received Translation, which thus: In the Beginning God created the ven, and the Earth: And the Earth was out forme and voyd, and there was darkupon the face of the aby se, and the spirit d moved upon the face of the Waters. In rst part of this text Moses mentions two ed principles, not a perfect world as we prove hereafter, and this he doth in these erall termes, Heaven and Earth. In the latter

latter part of it he describes each of the principles by it self in more particular term and he begins with the Earth. And the Early (saith he) was without forme, and void. Her I infer that the Earth he speaks of was a mellin Rudiment or principle of this Earth which now see, for this present Earth is neithing void, nor without forme. I conclude the that the Mosaycall earth was the Virg Sulphur, which is an earth without forme, it hath no determinated Figure. It is a Lax tive instable incomposed substance, of a porc empty Crasis like Sponge, or Soote. In a wo I have feen it, but it is impossible to describe After this he proceeds to the Description his Heaven, or second principle, in these su sequent words: And their was Darknesse up the face of the abysse, and the spirit of G moved upon the face of the waters. Here cals that an abysse and Waters, which t formerly called Heaven. It was indeed t Heavenly Moysture or Water of the Cha out of which the separated Heaven, or H bitation of the stars was afterwards mai This is clear out of the Originall, for T Hamaim and Tud Hashamaim are 1 same words, like Aqua and Ibi Aqua, a they signifie one and the same substance, nan ly Water. The text then being render'd: cord

rding to the primitive naturall truth, and undoubted sense of the Author, speaks is. In the beginning (or according to the ru(alem Thargum.) In wisdome God made water and the earth: And the earth was thout forme and void, and there was Dark-Te upon the Face of the Deep, and the spirit God moved upon the Face of the waters. re you should observe that God created to principles, Earth and Water, and of these he compounded a third, namely the ferm or Chaos. Upon the water, or moyst rt of this Sperm, the spirit of God did move, d (saith the Scripture) there was Darknesse on the face of the Deep. This is a very great ret, neither is it lawfull to publish it expreand as the Nature of the thing requires, t in the Magicall work it is to be seen, d I have been an eye witnesse of it my

To conclude: Remember that our subject to common water, but a thick, slimie, fat the This earth must be dissolved into wa, and that water must be coagulated a in into earth. This is done by a certaine turall Agent, which the Philosophers call in secret fire: for if you work with common e, ir will drie your Sperm, and bring it to unprofitable red Dust, of the Colour of

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wild poppie. Their fire then is the Key of Art, for it is a Naturall Agent, but acts in Naturally without the Sun. I must consist is a knottie Mysterie, but we shall mit plaine, if you be not very Dim and Distriction, and therefore Readers, Snuffe standers.

#### The Philosophicall Fire.

Ire, notwithstanding the Diversities on it in this Sublunarie Kitchin of the lements, is but one Thing, from one Relations The Effects of it are various according to Distance, and Nature of the subject whe it resides, for that makes it Vital, or Viole It/leeps in most things as in Flints, where is filent and Invisible. It is a kind of peralle lys close like a Spider in the Cabinet of Web, to surprise all that comes within lims. He never appears without his prehis Foot, where he finds ought that's Come stible there he discovers himself, for if for speak. properly, he is not generated, but to nifested. Some Men are of Opinion that In breeds nothing, but devoures all things, and therefore call'd Ignis quali Ingignens: is a Grammeticall Whim, for there is notly

n the world generated without Fire. What a ine Philosopher then was Aristotle, who tels is this Agent breeds nothing but his Pyranta, a certain Fly which he found in his Canle, but could never be seen afterwards? Inleed too much Heat burns and destroyes, and f we descend to other Natures, too much waer drowns, too much earth buries and choaks the eed that it cannot come up: And verily at his Rate there is nothing in the world that renerats. What an Owle was he then, that ould not distinguish with all his Logic beween Excesse and Measure, between Violent and Vital Degrees of Heat, but concluded he Fire did Breed nothing, because it confuned something? But let the Mule passe, for so Plato call'd him, and let us profecute our ecret fire. This fire is at the Root, and about he Root (I mean about the Center) of all hings both Visible, and Invisible. It is in vater, earth, and arr; It is in Minerals, Herbs, and Beasts; It is in Men, Stars, and Angels; but Originally it is in God kimself, or he is the Fountain of Heat and fire, and rom Him it is derived to the rest of the Creatures in a certaine streame, or Sun-shine. Now the Magicians affoord us but two Noions, whereby we may know their fire: it is is they describe it. Abyst and Invisible. Flence

Hence have they call'd it Venter Equi, as Firmus Equinus: but this only by way of An logie, for there is in Horse-dung a month Heat, but no fire that is visible. Now the let us compare the common Vulcan will this Philosophicall Vesta, that we may start wherein they are different. First of all the Philosopher's fire is morst, and truly is that of the Kitchin too. We see that flam contract and extend themselves, now they a Short, now they are long, which cannot late without moy fure to maintaine the flux, and Continuitie of their parts. I know Aristotill makes the fire to be simply dry, perhaps by cause the effects of it are so; he did not inder confider that in all Complexions there are 1 ther Qualities besides the pradominant on Sure then this drie stuffe is that element his, wherein he found his Pyrausta; but if offe naturall fire were simply drie, the flames it could not flow, and diffuse themselves they doe, they would rather fall to Dust, of turne like their fuell to ashes. But that I mila returne to my former Discourse, I say the Common fire is excessively hot, but moust in far inferior degree, and therefore destructions for it preves on the morsture of other things On the contrary the warmth and morsture the Magicall Agent are equall, the only temperate

inperates, and fatisfies the other: it is a Imid tepid fire, or as we commonly expresse or selves, Bloud-warme. This is their first, ad greaeest Difference in Relation to our Gired effect, we will now consider their seand. The Kitchin fire (as we all know) is Tible, but the Philosophers fire is Invisible, d therefore no Kitchin fire. This Almaexpresly tels us in these words, Solos radios visibiles ignis nostri sufficere. Our work (lith he) can be performed by nothing, but the Invisible Beams of our fire. And aine, Ignis noster Corrosivus est Ignis, qui pra nostrum vas Nubem obducit, in qua ube radii hujus ignis occulti sunt. Cur Fire a Corrofive fire, which brings a cloud about ir glasse or vessell, in which Cloud the Beams our fire are hidden. To be short, the Phisophers call this Agent their Bath, beuse it is moyst as Baths are: but in very uth it is no kind of Bath, neither Maris, or Roris, but a most subtil fire, and purely Taturall, but the Excitation of it is Arficiall. This Excitation, or preparation (as have told thee in my Calum Terra) is a vetriviall, slight, ridiculous thing: nevernelesse all the secrets of Corruption and Geeration are therein contained. Lastly, I think just to informe thee, that many Authors have

have falfly described this fire, and that of purpose to seduce their Readers. For my ownpart, I have neither added, nor diminished, thou hast here the true intire secret, and in which all the Eastern sages agree : Alfid, Almadir, Belen, Gieberim, Hali, Salmanazar, and Zudich: with the three famous Jews Abraham, Artefins, and Kalid. If thou doct not by this time apprehend it, thou art palt my Care, for I may tell thee no more of it, I may

only teach thee how to use it.

Take our two Serpents, which are to bec found every where on the Face of the Earth. They are a living Male, and a living Female. The them Both in a Love-knot, and Thur them up in the Arabian CARAHA. This is thy first labour, but thy next is more difficult. Thou must incamp against them with the fire of Nature, and be fure thou doest bring thy Line round about. (ircle them in, and stop all Avenues, that they find no Reliefe. Continue this sie ge patiently, and they will turne to an ugly. flabbie. venemous, black Toad, which will be transform'd to a horrible devowring Dragon, creeping and weltring in the Bottome of her Cave without wings. Touch her not by any means, not so much as with thy Hands for there is not upon earth such a violent, transcendent porson. As

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rast begun, so proceed, and this Dragon will turne to a Swan, but more white than the novering, Virgin Snow, when it is not yet fulled with the Earth. Henceforth I will illow thee to fortifie thy fire, till the Phanix ippears. It is a red Bird of a most deep Colour, with a shining Fiery Hue. Feed this Bird with the Fire of his Father, and the Æher of his Mother, for the first is meat, the fecond is Drink, and without this last he atains not to his full Glory. Be fure to undertand this secret, for fire seeds not well, un-esse it bee first fed. It is of itself drie and Choleric, but a proper moysture tempers it, gives it a heavenly Complexion, and brings it o the Defired Exaltation. Feed thy Bird hen as I have told thee, and he will move n his Nest, and rise like a star of the Firnament. Doe this, and thou hast placed Naure in Horizonte Aternitatis: Thou alt performed that Command of the Cabaist, Fige finem in Principio, sicut Flammam rune Conjunctam: quia Dominus SU-PERLATIVE unus, & non tenet seundum. Unite the End to the Beginning, ike a Flame to a Coale: for God (saith hee) s superlatively one, and hee hath no second. Confider then what you feek : you feek an Inlissoluble, miraculous, transmuting, uniting

union, but fuch a tye canuot be without the first unitie; Creare enim (saith one) atque intrinsecus transmutare absque violentià, Munus est proprium duntaxat Prima Potentia, Prima sapientia, Primi amoris. To Create, and Transmute essentially, and naturally or without any violence, is the only proper office of the first power, the first Wisdome, and the first love. Without this love the Elements will never be maried, they will never inwardly and effentially unite, which is the end and perfection of Magic. Study then to understand this, and when thou hast perform'd, I will allow thee that Test of the Mekkubalim: Intellexisti in sapientia, & sapuisti in Intelligentia, statuisti Rem super Puritates suas, & Creatorem in Throno suo collocasti.

For a Close to this Section, I say it is impossible to generat in the patient, without a vitall generating Agent. This Agent is the Philosophical sire, a certain moyst, heavenly, invisible Heat; but let us heare Raymund Lullie describe it, Quando dicimus (saith hee) quod lapis per ignem generatur, non vident alium ignem, nec alium ignem credunt, nisignem communem: nec aliud Sulphur, nec aliud argentum vivum, nisi sit vulgare. Ideo manent decepti per eorum cacas estimationes,

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ferentes quod, causa sumus sua Deceptionis, · quod dedimus illis intelligere rem unam o alia. Sed non est verum salva eorum pace, cut probabimus per illa, que Philosophi poverunt in scriptis. Solem enim appellamus nem, & vicarium suum vocamus Calorem aturalem. Nam illud quod agit Calor Sos in Mineris Metallorum per mille annos, se Calor naturalis facit in una hora supra erram. Nos vero, & multi alii, vocamus um Filium solis, nam primo per solis influeniam fuit generatus per naturam, sine adjurio Scientia, velartis. When wee say the fone is generated by fire, Men neither fee, neiher doe they believe there is any other fire, out the common fire: nor any other Sulphur: r Mercury; but the common Sulphur and Mercury. Thus are they deceived by their wn opinions, faying that we are the Cause of heir Error, having made them to mistake me thing for another. But by their leave it is not so, as we shall prove by the Doctrine of the Philosophers. For wee call the Sun a fire, and the natural Heat we call his Substitute, or Deputy; for that which the heat of the Sun performes in a thousand years in the Mines, the Heat of Nature performes it above the earth in one houre. But wee, and many other Philosophers have call'd this Heat, the Child

of the Sun, for at first it was generated native rally by the influence of the Sun, without the Help of our Art or Knowledge. Thus Lullie: But one thing I must tell thee, and bee sure, Reader, thou doest remember it. This very naturall Heat must bee applied in the just Degree, and not too much fortified, for the Sunit self doth not generat, but burne and scorch where it is too hot. Si cum igne magno operatus fueris (saith the same Lullie) proprietas nostri spiritus, que intervitam & mortem participiat, separabit se, & Anima recedet in Regionem sphara sua. If thou shalt work with too strong a fire, the proprietie of our spirit, which is indifferent as yet to life or death, will separate it self from the Body, and the Soule will depart to the Region of her own sphere: Take therefore along with thee this short, but wholesome advise of the fame Author. Facias ergo Fili, quod in loco Generationis aut Conversionis sit talis potentia Celestis, que possit transformare Humidum ex natura terrestris, in formam & speciem transparentem, & finissimam. My Son (faith hee) let the Heavenly power, or Agent be such in the place of Generation or Mutation, that it may alter the spermatic Humiditis from its Earthly Complexion, to a most fine transparent forme, or species. See

re now the folution of the slimie, fat Earth, a transparent glorious Mercury! This tercury Gentlemen, is the water which we ok after, but not any common water whatever. There is nothing now behind but that hich the Philosophers call secretum Artis: thing that was never published, and without hich you will never performe, though you now both Fire and Matter. An Instance reof wee have in Flammel, who knew the Matter well enough and had both fire and urnace painted to him by Abraham the ew: but notwithstanding he err'd for three ars, because hee knew not the third secret. Tenry Madathan a most noble Philosopher ractic'd upon the subjett for five years toether, but knew not the right method, and nerefore found nothing; at last faith hee, Post sextum annum Clavis Potentia per aranam Revelationem ab omnipotente Deo miki oncreditaest: After the fixth year, I was inrulted with the Key of power by secret Reveation, from the Almighty God: This Key of ower, or third secret was never put to paper by any Philosopher whatsoever. Paracelsus ndeed hath touch'd upon it, but so obscurely t is no more to the purpose then if he had said nothing. And now I suppose I have done erough for the Discavery, and Regiment of the

the fire; if you think it too little, I must cell you it is much more then any one Author hath performed. Search it then, for he that finds this fire, will attaine to the true temperament, he will make a noble deferving Philosopher, and to speake in the phrase of our Spaniard, Dignus crit poni ad Mensam Duodecim parium.

### The River of Pearl. They

IT is a Decompounded Substance, extreme heavy and moyst, but wets not the Hand. It shines after Night like a star, and will inlighten any Darke roome. It is full of small eyes sparkling like Pearls or Aglets. It is the whole Demogorgon, but now actually animated by manifestation of his own Inward Light, The Father of it is a certaine inviolable Masse, for the parts of it are so firmly united. you can neither pound them into Dust, nor separat them by violence of Fire. This is the stone of the Philosophers, Qui ab omni parte (faith one) circumdatus est Tenebris, Nebulis, Caligine: Habitat in mediis Terra vifceribus, Qui ubi natus fuerit, vestitur quodam viridi Pallio, humiditate quadam asperfus, & non prognatus ab aliquo, sed aternus, & parens omnium Rerum. It is compassed .

d about (saith he) with Darknesse, Clouds, nd Blacknesse. It dwels in the inmost Bow-Is of the Earth: but when he is borne, hee is loathed with a certaine Green Mantle, and rinckl'dover with a certaine Moysture. He not properly generated by any Naturall ning, but he is eternall, and the Father of all nings. This Description is very true and aposit, but Enigmaticall: howsoever forget or the Green Mantle. This is that substance, vhich Gieberim Eben-Haen, or as the Rable vrites him, Geber, cals Lapis in Capitulis otus: a very subtil Expression, but if well exanin'd, it is the Key to his whole Booke, and o the writings of the old Philosophers in Geerall. But let us returne to our River of Pearl, and for our further information let us ieare it describ'd by a most excellent Adepus, and that in the very starbanes, before the full noon appears. Hoc opus eff (faith he) quod mihi alignando ob oculos posuit unicus Exechedistes. nagnas quippe fornaces, at que vitro ea (dem Tarico redimitas oftendens. Vasa erant sinjula, in suis sedilibus habentia sedimenta, atque interius dispari dicatum, sacrumque Muus. Quid vero Rem tam. Divinam celem liutius? Erat intus circumacta Moles quadam, Mundi præ se ferens maginem ips simi. Quippe bi Terra videbatur in medio omnium conliftens

sistens, aquisque circumfusa Limpidissimis, varios colles, salebrosasuque rupes assnrgebo frustum ferens multiplicem, tanguam hume tis Aeris imbribus irrigua. Vini etiam 1 debatur & olei, & lastis, atque pretiosore omne genus lapidum, & Metallorum esse i prime ferax. Tum Aque ipse instar Aquor sale quodam pellucido, albo interdum, inte dum quoque rubeo & fulvo, & rubro, mi tisque praterea variegato coloribus inlita, i que superficiem ipsam astuabant. I one auti hac omnia suo, sed impercepto quidem, atq athereo movebantur. Id vero unum pra catel incredibibilem me rapiebat in admiratione Rem hec tam multa unicam, tam diver tamque in suo genere integra singula, par etiam imbecillique adminiculo pro ducere : 9 facto paulatim robustiore, redirent tanden atque coalescerent in unum omnia, confident asseverabat. Hic equidem observavi fusi illam falis speciem nikil ab Aphrolitho deg nerantem, atque argentum illud vivum, c Mercurii nomen ab hujusce Disciplina pr cis authoribus inditum est, illam ipsam ref rens Lullianam Lunariam, adversa scande agua, nostuque relucens, atque interdiu ol tinandi praditum facultate. Here wee ha pourtray'd unto us the whole Philosophic Laboratoric, Furnace, fire, and Matte

with the Mysterious Germinations thereof. But because the Termes are difficult, and not to bee understood by any, but such as have een the thing it self, I will for the Readers Benefit, I cannot say satisfaction, put them nto English. This is the worke (faith hee) which I have sometimes seen with a singular, und a most deare friend: who shewed to me tertaine large Furnaces, and those crown'd with Cornues of Glasse. The Vessels were fe-"verall, having besides their Triptods their fediments, or Caskets, and within them was Holy Oblation, or present dedicated to the Ternarie. But why should I any longer conceale so divine a thing? within this Fabric + was a certaine Masse moving Circularly, or driven round about, and representing the very Figure of the great world. For here the Earth was to be seen standing of it self in the midlest of all, compassed about with most clear vaters, rifing up to severall Hillocks, and raggie Rocks, and bearing many forts of Fruit, as if it had been watr'd with showers rom the moyst Aire. It seem'd also to bee very fruitfull for wine, oile, and milk, with Ill kind of precious stones, and Metals. The vaters themselves like those of the Sea, were full of a certaine transparent Salt, now white, now Red then Yellow and purpl'd, and as it WC. E

were chamletted with various Colours, which did swell up to the face of the waters. All the things were actuated or stirr'd with the own appropriat fire, but in very truth imper ceptible, and ethereall. But one thing about the rest forc'd me to an incredible admiration Namely, that so many things, such diver and in their kind such perfect particula should proceed from one only thing, and the with very small affistance, which being fun ther'd and strengthned by degrees, the Ar tist faithfully assirmed to me that all the Diversities would settle at last to one Bod Here I observed that fusil kind of Salt to be nothing different from a pumice-stone, an that Quick-silver which the ancient Author of this Art call'd Mercury, to be the fam with Lullies Lunaria, whose water gets u against the fire of Nature, and shines by nigh but by day hath a glutinous, viscous facult This is the sense of our learned Adeptus, an for his Analogie of the Philosophic Salt, an a pumice-stone, it cannot be well conceiv without the Light of Experience. It is the a porous, hollow, froth-like, spongious Sal The Confistency of it is pumice-like, but ne ther hard, nor opacous. It is a thin, Sipper oily substance in appearance like Mout glew, but much more clear. Sometimes

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oks like Rosials and Rubies: Sometimes it violet Blew, sometimes white as Lilies, and aine more green than Grasse, but with a naragdine transparencie: and sometimes it bks like burnisht Gold aid Silver. The Rier of Pearle hath her Name from it for there stands like the Sperm of Frogs in common was. Sometimes it will move, and swim to the ce of his Bath in thin leaves like wasers, twith a thousand miraculous Colours. This enough and too much, for I hold it not my try to infist upon secrets, which are so far on the Readers Inquiry, that I date say they beyond his Expettation.

# The Ether, or the Aire of Paradife.

Itherto I have discours'd of the first Matter, and the fire of Nature Termes indeed commonly known, to the things signified ate seldome undered. I shall now descend to more abstruse ticular principles, Things of that secrecied fubtilitie, they are not so much as thought much lesse inquir'd after, The common simist dreams of Gold and Transmutations, of noble and Heavenly Effects, but the eans whereby hee would compasse them,

are worme-eaten, dustie, mustie papers. His Study and his Noddle are stuffed with old Receits, he can tell us a hundred Stories of Brimstone and Quick-silver, with many miraculous Legends of Arsenic and Antimonie, Sal gemme, Sal prune, Sal Petre, and other Rupendious Alkalies, as he loves to call them; with such Arange Notions and Charms doth he amaze, and silence his Auditors, as Bats are kill'd with Thunder at the Eare. Indeed if this Noyse will carry it, let him alone he can want no Artillery. But if you bring him to the field, and force him to his Pole. mics, if you demand his Reason, and reject his Recipe, you have laid him as flat as a Flounder. A rationall, methodicall Dispute will undoe him, for he studies not the whole Body of Philosophie: a Receit he would find in an old Box, or an old Book, as if the knowledge of God and Nature were a thing of Chance, not of Reason. This idle Humor hath not only surpris'd the common illiterat Broy. ler, where in truth there is some Necessity for it, but even great Doctors and Physicians: Bate me the Impostume of their Titles, and their Learning is not Considerable. Hence it comes to passe that so many men are undone in the prosecution of this Art: They are so medded to old scriblings, they will not submit

them to their judgement, but presently bring them to the fire. Certainly they believe such ridiculous Impossibilities, that even brute Beasts if they could speake, would reprove hem. Sometimes they mistake their owne Excrements for that Matter out of which Heaven and Earth were made. Hence they brudge, and labour in Urine, and fuch filthie lirty stuffe which is not fit to be nam'd. But vhen all comes to all, and their Custard fails hem; they quit their filthinesse, but not their rror. They think of something thats more ractable, and dreame perhaps that God made he world of Egge-shels or Flint-stones. Truly hese Opinions proceed not only from simple cople, but from Doctors forfooth, and Phi-Sophers. It is therefore my Designe to disover some Excellencies of this Art, and take it appeare to the Student that what is lorious, is withall Difficult. This I suppose may remove that Blind, fluggish Credulity, hich prevents all Ingenious Disquisitions, nd cause men perhaps to exercise that kean, which God hath given them for D feories. I shall not dwell long on any one irticular, I'am drawing off the stage in all. Taste, and returning to my first solutudes. ly Discourse shall be very short, and like the cho's last Syllables Imperfect. I intend it

only for Hint and suggestion to the Reader: it is no full Light but a Glance, and he must

improve it to his better satisfaction.

We are now to speake of the Ether of the little world, which is the very same in Nature and substance with the outward Ather of the great world. That you may the better understand what it is, we will examine the Notion, before we state the thing. Aristotle in his Book de Mundo derives this word 'en' ve 'asl Sens, à semper currendo, because the Heavens are in perpetuall Astion. This is a generall irregular whymazie, for the stars alto aswell as the Ather move perpetually: The Sea is subject to a continual Flux and Reflux, and the Bloud of all Animals to a restlesse unwearied Pulse. The more ancient Philosophers whose Books this Enemy burnt, derived it from aide ardeo: but especially Anaxagoras, who was better acquainted with Heaven than Aristotle, as it appears by his miraculous pradiction, and the opinion he had of that place, namely that it was his Country, and that he was to return thither after death. Indeed this last Etymologie comes neer the nature of the thing, for it is a Heating cheerishing spirit, but in its genuine Complexion it burns not. I cannot then approve of this latter Derivation no more than of the former:

I Trather believe that Ather is a Compound of die and sign, this substance being called 'As Dip from its effett and office, 'and The a'el Dipost, à semper Calefaciendo. Supposing this to be the true Interpretation, let us now fee whether it relates more strictly and properly to this principle, than to any other Nature what-Goever. The Ather is a most thin liquid subfance, and the Region of it is above the fars, in the Circumference of the Divine Light. This is the true, and famous Europales, which receives the Influent Heat of God, and conveys it to the visible Heaven, and allthe Inferior Creatures. It is a pure Essence. a thing not tainted with any Material Conragion, in which sense it is styl'd of Pythagoras 'Alivospos' Asdip, the free Ather. Quoniam (Saith Reuclin) à materix potentià segregatus, f praservatus in Libertate, calescit Dei Arlore, ac infensibili motu Inferiora calefacit. Because it is freed from the prison of the Matter, and being preserv'd in its liberty, t is warme with the fire of God, and by an inensible motion heats all the Inferior Naures. In a word, because of it's puritie it is laced next to that Divine Fire, which the lews call Lumen Vestimenti, and it is the very irst Receptacle of the Influences and Derinations of the Supernaturall World, which **fufficiently** 

sufficiently confirms our Etymologie. In the Beginning it was generated by Reflexion of the first unity upon the Calestial Cube, for the Bright Emanations of God did flow like a streame into the Passive my and in this Analogie the Samian Hyles Hun ware's armiou of Fontem perpetue Nature. You shall understand that the Ather is not one. but manefold, and the Reasons of it wee shall give you hereafter. By this I mind not a variety of Substances, but a Chaine of Complexions, There are other Moystures, and those too ethereall: They are Females also of the Masculine Divine Fire, and thele are the Fountains of the Chaldee, which the Oracle Ayles angiaca upotutas, Summitates Fontanas; the Invisible upper springs of Nature. Of all substances that come to our hands, this Ather is the first that brings us News of another World, and tels us we live in a corrupt place. Sendivogius call'd it the Vrine of Saturn, and with this did he water his Lunar and Solar Plants. Ex Marimeo (faid the Jew) oriuntur Nebula, qua ferunt Aquas Benedictas, & ipsa irrigant Terras, & educunt Herbas & Flores. In a word this Moy. sture is animated with a Vegetable blessed divine Fire, which made one describe the Mistery thus. Ex Natura, & ex Divino. faltums

actum est: Divinum enim est, quia cum Diinitate conjunctum Divinas substantias fait. To conclude, the Æther is to be found
i the lower spring or rep, namely in that
ibstance, which the Arabians call Flos sais albi, the Flower of white Salt. It is ineed borne of Salt, for Salt is the Root of it,
nd it is found withall in locis salsofis, in cerine Saltish places. The best Discovery of
is this: The Philosophers call it their Mieral Tree, for it grows as all Vegetables doe,
nd hath Leaves and Fruits in the very
loure of its Nativity. This is enough, and
ow I passe to another principle.

#### The Heavenly Lune,

His Luna is the Moon of the Mine, a very strange stuffing substance. It is not simple, but mixt. The Ather, and a subtill white Earth are Components, and this makes it grosser than a exceeding white oile, but is in very uth a certaine vegetant, flowing, smooth, soft lt, &cc.

The

# The star-soule. RIK

His is the true Astrum Solis, the Mineral spiritual Sun. It is compounded of the Ather, and a Bloudie, sierue, spirited Earth. It appears in a gummie Consistency, but with a sierce, hot, glowing Complexion. It is Substantially a certaine purple, animated, Divine Salt, &c.

## The Prester of Zoroaster Anin

TT is a Miracle to consider, how the Earth, which is a Body of inexpressible weight and Heavinesse, can be supported in the Ayr, a fleeting reelding substance, and thorough which even froth and Feathers will fink, and make their way. I hope there is no man fo mad as to think it is poys'd there by fome - Geometricall Knack, for that were Artificiall, but the work of God is Vital, and Natural. Certainly if the Animation of the world be denied, there must needs follow a precipitation of this Element by its own Corpulency and Gravity. We see that our own Bodies are supported by that Essence, by which they are astuated and animated, but when that

when that Essence leaves them, they fall to he ground, till the (pirit returns at the Reurrection. I conclude then that the Earth math in her a Fire-foule, a most powerfull A frong spirit, that bears her up, as the spirit of Man bears up man. To this agrees Raymind Lullie in the seventy sixth Chapter of nis Theorie. Tota Terra plena est Intelligenia ad operationem Natura inclinata, qua Intelligentia movetur à natura superiore: ta quod natura Intellectiva inferior assimiatur nature Superiori. The whole Earthfaith he) is full of Intelligence, inclined to he Discipline or Operation of Nature, which Intelligence is moved by the Superior Nature: o that the Inferior Intelligence is like to the Superior. This spirit or Intelligence is the of spirsh, a Notion of the admirable Zoroaster, is I find him render'd by Julian the Challean. It comes from ziño uro, and fignifies -Lightning, or a certaine burning Turbo, or whirl-wind, but in the sense of our Chaldee t is the Fire-spirit of Life. It is an Influence of the Almighty God, and it comes from -Verra Viventium, namely the second person, whom the Cabalists style the Suternaturall East. For as the Natural Light of the Suns first manifested to us in the East, so the supernatural Light was first manifested in ( Turbo = a whirling or hisming round

the second person, for he is Principium Alterationis, the Beginning of the waves of God or the sirst Manifestation of his Father's Light in the Supernatural Generation. From this Terra Viventium, or Land of the Living tomes all Life or spirit, according to that position of the Makkubalim:

Omnis anima bona est anima nova, veniens ab Oriente.

Every good foule is a new foule, comming from the East: that is from 1227 Cocmah, or the second Sephiroth, which is the Son of God.

Now for the better understanding of this Descent of the soule, were must refer our selves to another places of the Cabalists, and this is it.

Anima à Tertio Lumine ad Quartam Diem, inde ad Quintam descendunt: inde exeuntes, Corporis Noctem subintrant.

The fouls (say they) descend from the Third Light to the fourth Day, thence to the sifth, whence they passe out, and enter the Night of the Body. To understand this Maxime you must know there are three supreme Lights or Sephiroths, which the Cabalist cals, Sedes

na, in qua sedet Sanctus, Sanctus Sanctus, Donus Deus Sabaoth. This third Light from mence the fouls descend is 713 2 Binah, the At of the three sephiroths, and it signifies the Joly Ghost. Now that you may know in Liat sense this Descent proceeds from that Iffed spirit, I will somewhat inlarge my Iscourse, for the Cabalists are very obscure iche point. Spirare (say the Jews) Spiritus Sulti proprium est, to Breath is the proprietie othe Holy Ghost. Now we read that God a athed into Adam the Breath of Life, and Gen. Abecame a living soule. Here you must unditand that the third Person is the last of three, not that there is any Inequality in m, but it is so in order of Operation, for happlies first to the Creature, and therefore urks last. The meaning of it is this: The Joly Ghoft could not breath a soule into Aan, but he must either receive it, or have it primself. Now the truth is he receives it. al what hee receives, that hee breaths into Atture. Hence this most holy spirit is styl'à bthe Cabalists Fluvius egrediens e Para-, because he breaths as a River streames. is call'd also Mater Filierum, because this Breathing he is as it were delivered those souls, which have been conceived ally in the second Person. Now that the Holy

Holy Ghost receives all things from the se cond Person, is confirmed by Christ himsel has 6.13 When the spirit of truth is come, he will guid you into all truth, for he shall not speak of him self, but what soever he shall heare, that shall he speak, and he will show you things to come He shall glorifie me, for he shall receive o mine, and shall shew it unto you. All thing that the Father hath, are mine; Therefore Said I, that he shall take of mine. Here we plainly see, there is a certaine subsequent order or Method in the operations of the bleffed Tri nity, for Christ tels us, that he receives from his Father, and the Holy Ghost receives from Him. Againe, that all things are conceived Ideally (or as we commonly expresse it) erea. ted by the second person, is confirmed by the word of God. The World was made by him (Saith the Scripture) and the world knew him not. He came unto his own, and his own received him not. This may suffice for such as Love the Truth, and as for that which the Cabalist speaks of the fourth and fifth Dayes. it suits not with my present designe, and therefore I must wave it. It is clear then that Terra viventium, or the Eternall Fire-Earth buds and sprouts, hath her fierie spirituall Flowers, which we call soules, as this natural Earth hath her natural Vegetables. In this mysterious

wles him we may comean the Aterious sense is the Prester defin'd in the e. But that we may come at last to the heg intended, I think it not amisse to instruct by this Manudustion. You know that Artificer can build, but the Earth must the Foundation to his Building, for withthis Ground-work his Brick and Mora cannot stand. In the Creation when God build, there was no fuch place to build In. I aske then where did he rest his Matand upon what? Certainly he built, and anded Nature upon his own Supernaturall Ohter. He is in her, and thorough her, and h his eternall spirit doth he support Heaand Earth, as our bodies are supported This is confirmed by that wicle of the Apostle, Omnia portat verbo ututis (ua. He bears up all things with the a d of his power; from this power is he justhyl'd 'annoctivance, no marrestivance svianencies the infinity powerfull, and the Allrefull power-making power. I say then that He and spirit are the Pillars of Nature; props on which her whole Fabric refts; all without which it could not stand one riute. This Fire or Prester is the Throne o:he Quintessentiall Light, from whence he dutes himself to Generation, as we see in

the effussion of the Sun-beams in the gre morld. In this Dilatation of the Light confitthe joy or pleasure of the passive spirit, and its Contraction his Melancholie or forror We see in the great Body of Nature; that I Turbulent weather when the Sun is shut n and clouded, the Aire is thick and dull, an our own spirits by secret Compassion with the furit of the Aire are dull too. On the con trary in clear strong Sun-shines the Aire Quick and Thin, and the spirits of all Am mals are of the same racified, active Temper It is plaine then that our joyes and forrows pro ceed from the Dilatation and Contraction of our inward Quintessentiall Light. This i apparent in despayning Lovers, who are sub jest to a certain violent, extraordinary pan ting of the Heart, a timorous trembling pulse which proceeds from the Apprehension and Feare of the spirit in relation to hi Miscarriage. Notwithstanding he desires to be dilated, as it appears by his pulse or Sullie wherein he doth discharge himself; but hi Despaire checks him againe, and brings him to a suddain Retreat, or Contraction. Hence it comes to passe that we are subject to sight which are occasion'd by the suddain pause o the spirit: for when hee stops, the Breat stops, but when he loofeth himself to an out

rd Motion, we deliver two or three Breaths It have been formerly omitted, in one long piration, and this we call a figh. This Ton hath carried many brave men to very Extremities. It is originally occasion'd the spirit of the Mistris, or affected ty: for her spirit ferments or leavens the Fit of the Lover, so that it desires an union far as Nature will permit. This make; us ent even smiles and fromns, like Fortunes Mistortunes: Our Thoughts are never Home, according to that well-grounded Istervation, Anima est ubi amat, non ubi umat: the soule dwels not where she lives, where the loves. We are imploy'd in a poetuall Contemplation of the absent Beau-Our very Joyes and Woes are in her power : can set us to what Humor she will, as Inpian was alter'd by the Music of his Austris.

when to her I ute Corinna sings,
Her Voice inlives the Leaden strings:
But when of forrows she doth speak,
Even with her sighes the strings doe break.
And as her Lute doth Live or Die,
Lea'd by her Passions: So doe I.

This, and many more miraculous sympas proceed from the Attractive nature

of the Prester: it is a spirit that can do wonders, and now let us see if there bee an possibility to come at him. Suppose then we should dilapidat or discompose some. Arti ficiall Building, stone by stone: There is no question but we should come at last to th Earth whereupon it is founded. It is just so Magic: if we open any Natural Body, an Separat all the parts thereof one from another we shall come at last to the Prester, which is the Candle, and secret Light of God. We shall know the hidden Intelligence, and se that inexpressible Face, which gives the out ward Figure to the Body. This is the Syllogifm we should look after, for he that hat once past the Aquaster, enters the Fire-world and sees what is both Invisible and Incredible to the common Man. He shall discover to the Eye the miraculous Conspiracy that is between the Prester and the Sun. Hee shall know the secret Love of Heaven and Earth and the sense of that deep Cabalism, Non es planta hic inferius cui non est stella in Fir mamento superius, & ferit eam stella, & di cit ei Cresce. There is not an Herb here bet low, but he hath a star in Heaven above and the star strikes him with her Beame, and fayes to him, Grow. He shall know, how the Fire-spirit hath his Root in the Spiritual Fire

Earth

Parth, and receives from it a secret Influx pon which he feeds, as Herbs feed on that uice and Liquor, which they receive at their Poots from this Common Earth. This is it, which our Saviour telsus, Man lives not by read alone, but by every word that comes out If the Mouth of God. He meant not by Inke ad Papyr, or the dead Letter: it is a Myvery, and St. Paul hath partly expounded it. de tels the Athenians, that God made Man, the end, That he should seek the Lord, if appily he might feel after him and find him. Here is a strange Expression, you will say, hat a Man should feel after God, or seek Him with his Hands. But he goes on, and els you where you shall find him. He is not ir (saith he) from every one of us; for in Him be live, and move, and have our Being. For he better understanding of this place, I wish ou to read Paracelsus his Philosophia ad Athenienses, a glorious Incomparable Disourse, but you will thortly find it in Engh. Againe: He that enters the Center, Inall know why all Influx of fire descends H gainst the Nature of sire, and comes from Leaven downwards. Hee shall know also why the same sire having sound a Body, as ends againe towards Heaven, and gows pwards.

#### 90 Lumen de Lumine, or

To conclude: I say the grand Supreame Mysterie of Magic, is to multiplie the Prefer, and place him in the movit ferene . Ather, which God hath purposely created to qualifte the fire. For I would have thee know, that this spirit may be so chaf'd, and that in the most temperat Bodies, as to undoe thee upon a suddain. This thou mayst guesse thy felfe by the zerozipavris, or thundering Gold as the Chymist cals it. Place him then as God hath plac'd the stars, in the condens'd Ather of his Chaos, for there he will shine, not burne, he will be vital and Calm, not furious and Choleric. This secret I confesse, transcends the Common processe, and I dare tell thee no more of it. It must remaine then as a Light in a Dark place, but how it may be discovered, doc thou Consider.

#### The Green salt.

T is a Tincture of the Saphiric Aline, and to define it substantially, it is the Aire of our little Invisible Fire-world. It produceth two noble effects, youth, and Hope; wheresoever it appears, it is an infallible sign of life, as you see in the spring-time, when all things are Green. The sight of it

is cheerfull and refreshing beyond all imagination. It comes out of the H avenly Earth, for the Suphir doth spermatize & injects her Tin-Etures into the Ather, where they are carried, and manitested to the Eve. This Suphir is equall of her self to the whole Compound for the is threefold or hath in her three severall essences. I have seen them all, not in Ayrie imaginarie -Suppositions but really with my bodily eyes. And here we have Apollodorous his Mathematical Problem resolved: namely that Pythagoras should sacrifice a hundred Oven, when hee found out. or appraison opporation is op 9 hr y milas emorthy us soor surares raje aspencioness. That the Subtendent of a right angl'd Triangle was equivalent to those parts which contain'd it, Oc.

#### The Diapasm, or Magicalt Persume.

IT is compounded of the Saphiric Earth and the Æther. If it be brought to its full Exaltation, it will shine like the Day-star in her fresh Easterne Glories. It hath a fascinating attractive facultie, for if you expose it to the spen Ayre, it will draw to it Birds and Beasts, &c.

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# The Regeneration, Ascent, and Glorification.

Have now sufficiently, and fully discovered the principles of our Chaos, In the next place I will shew you how you are to use them. You must unite them to a new life, and they will be regenerated by Water and the Spi-A rit. These two are in all things, they are placed there by God himself, according to that speech of Trismegistus, Vnumquodque habet in se semen sue Regenerationis. Proceed then patiently, but not manually. The work is performed by an invisible Artist, for there is a Secret Incubation of the Spirit of God upon Nature: you must only see that the outward Heat failes not, but with the subject it self you have no more to doe, than the Mother hath with the Child that is in her womb. The two former principles performe all, the Spirit makes use of the Water to purge and wash his Body, and hee will bring it at last to a Celestiall, immortall Constitution. Doe not you think this Impossible. Remember that in the Incarnation of Christ Jesus the Quaternarius or four Elements as men call them, were united to their eternall Unitie and Ternarius

A new Magicall Light, &c. 93

narius. Three and Foure make Seven: This Septenarie is the true Sabacth, the Rest of God into which the Creature shall enter. This is the best and greatest Manudustion that I can give you. In a word, Salvation it self is nothing else but transmutation. Behold (saith the Apostle) I shew you a MY-Covi STERIE: we shall not all die, but we (hall be all (HANGED, in a Moment, in the twinckling of an Eye, at the sound of the last Trumpt. God of his great Mercy prepare us for it, That from hard stubborn Flints of this world we may prove Chrysoliths and Faspers in the new eternall foundation. That we may ascend from this present distressed Church which is in Captivity with her Children, to the free Ferusalem from above, which is the Mother of us all.

# The Descent, and Metempsychosis.

Here is in the world a scribling, ill-disposed Generation: they write only to gaine an Opinion of Knowledge, and this by amazing their Readers with whimzies and Fansies of their wn. These commonly call themselves Chi-

H

rem,

mists.

mists, and abuse the great Mysterie of Nature with the Name and Non-sense of La-- pis Chemicus. I find not one of them, but -hath mistaken this Descent for the Ascent or Fermentation. I think it Necessary there--fore to informe the Reader there is a two fold Fermentation, a spirituall and a Bodily onc. The spirituall Fermentation is performed by multiplying the Tinctures, which is not done with common Gold and Silver, for they are not Tinstures, but grole compacted Bodies. The Gold and Silver of the Philosophers are a scule and spirit: they are living Ferments and principles of Bodies, but the two common Metals whether you take them in their grose Composition, or after a Philosophicall preparation, are no way pertinent to our purpose. The Bedily Fermentation, is that which I properly cail the Descent, and now we will speak of it. When thou hast made the stone, or Magicall Medicine, it is a liquid furie, Spritual Substance, Shining like the Sun. In this Complexion if you would project, you she could hardly find the ruft proportion, the verrne of the Medicine is to intensive and powerfull. The Philosophers therefore took one part of their stone, and did cast it upon ten parts of suremolten gold. This fingle finall graine

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did bring all the gold a bloudie powder. and on the contrary the groffe Body of the gold did abate the spirituall strength of the projected graine. This Descent or Incorporation some wise Authors have call'd a Bodily Fermentation, but the Philosophers did notuse common Gold to make their stone as some scriblers have written, they us'd it only toqualifie the intensive power of it, when it is made, that they might the more casily findwhat Quantitie of base Metall, they should project upon. By this means they reduc'd their Medicine to a dust, and this dust is the Arabian-Elixir . This Elixir the Philosophers could carry about them, but the Medicine it self not so, for it is such a subtill moss! -Fire, there is nothing but glasse that will hold it. Now for their Metempsychosis, it hath indeed occasion'd many Errors concerning the soule, but Pythagoras applied it only to the secret performances of Migic. Itfiguifies their last Transmutation, -which is done with the Elivir, or Qualified Maicine. Take therefore one part of it cast it on a Millenarie proportion of Quick-silver, and it will be all pure gold, that shall passe the Test Royall without any Diminution.

Now Reader I have done, and for a fare-

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well I will give thee a most noble, secret, sacred truth. The Chaos it self in the very first Analysis is threefold, the Saphir of the Chaos is likewise threefold. Here thou hast six parts, which is the Pythagoricall Senarius or Numerus Conjugii. In these six the Influx of the Metaphysicall Vnitie is sole Monarch, and makes up the seventh Number, or Sabaoth, in which at last by the Assistance of God the Body shall rest. Againe, every one of these fix parts is two fold, and these Duplicities are Contrarieties. Here then thou hast twelve, fix against fix in a desperat Division, and the Vnitie of peace amongst them. These Duplicities consist of contrary Natures; One part is good, one bad: one corrupt, one incorrupt: and in the Termes of Zoroaster, one rationall, one irrationall. These bad, corrupt, irrational feeds are the Tares and fequels of the Curfe. Now Reader I have unriddl'd for thee the grand mysterious problem of the Cabalist. Septem partibus (saith hee) infunt Duo Ternaria, & in Medio stat unum. Duodecim stant in Bello: Tres Amici, Tres mimici: Tres Viri vivificant, Tres etiam occidunt : & Deus Rex fidelis ex suc Santtitatis Atrio dominatur Omnibus. Vnus super Tres, & Tres Super Septem, & Septem Super Duodecim,

A new Magicall Light, &c. 97 Juodecim, & funt omnes stipati, Alius cum Alio.

This and no other is the truth of that cience, which I have profecuted a long time with frequent and ferious indeavours. It is ny firme decreed Resolution to write no more fit, and if any will abuse what is written, et him. He cannot so injure me, but I am lready satisfied: I have to my Reward a light that will not leave me.

Nescit SO L Comitis non memor esse Sui.

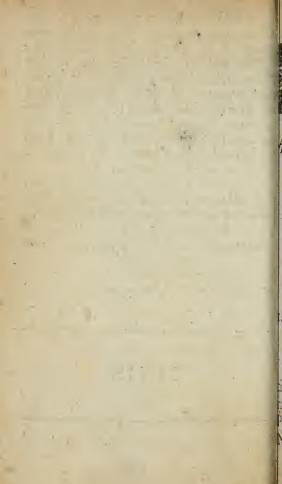
I will now cloze up all with the Doxologie of a most excellent, renowned Philocryphus.

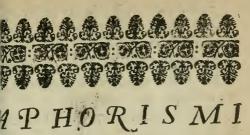
Soli Deo Laus, & Potentia!

Amen in MER(URIO, qui pedibus licet carens decurrit AQUA.

et metallice universaliter operatur.

FINIS.





## APHORISMI MAGICI EUGENIANI.

Veritas Prima est Hæc: Hæc etism Ultima.

Nte Omnia Punctum extitit: non τὸ ἄτομὸν, aut Mathematicum, fed Diffusivum. Monas erat Expliite: Implicite Myrias. Lux erat, eat & Nox: Principium, & Finis Principii: Omnia, & Nihil: Est, & Non.

2. Com-

2. Commovit se Monas in Dyade 101 & per Triadem egressæ sunt Facie! Luminis secundi.

3. Exivit Ignis fimplex, increatus & fub Aquis induit fe Tegumento Ig-

nis multiplicis, Creati.

4. Respexit ad Fontem superiorem: & Inferiorem deducto Typo, Tri-

plici vultu figillavit.

5. Creavit unum unitas: & in Tria distinxit Trinitas. Est & Quaternarius, Nexus & Medium Reductionis.

6. Ex visibilibus primum effulsit Aqua: Fæmina Incubantis Ignis, &

Figurabilium gravida Mater.

7. Porosa erat Interius, & Corticibus varia: Cujus venter habuit Cœlos convolutos, & Astra indiscreta.

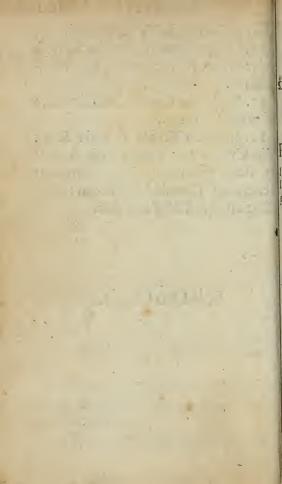
8. Separator Artifex divisit hanc in amplas Regiones: & apparente Fætu, disparuit Mater.

9. Peperit tamen Mater Filios Lucidos, ios, Influentes in Terram Chai. no. Hi generant Matrem in Novisuloso.

i potes, Promus.

12. Pater est Totius Creati: & ex lio Creato per vivam Filii Analyi, Pater generatur. Habes summum enerantis Circuli Mysterium: Filii llius est, qui Filii Pater fuit.

Soli Deo Gloria.



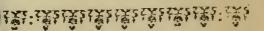
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### The Errata's in the First part.

PAge 24. Line 14. for Glase read Glass. p. 45. l. 6. r.
PS ivid l. 21. r. Alexa, bid. l. ult. r. moupara, p. 71
l. 11. r. Tripods. p. 89. l. ult. for gows r. growes. p. 91.
l. 14. r. Sorara, p. 95. l. 1. r. All the Gold to a Bloudy
powder. In the Title page r. De Deo absque Lumine.

#### The Errata's in the second part.

PAge 22. Line 2. for blane read llames. p.23.1.22. for opace r.opake. p.24 l.17. r. as they speak perhaps, &c. p. 28.1. 1. r. The flax of it, &c. p. 31.1.20. for from r. for. p. 32.1. 1. fo the r. thus. p. 47. 1. 1. r. dip it once more. &c. p. 77. 1. 14. r. Superlateze. p. 76. 1.6. for or r. for.



高小沙西山西山南西

